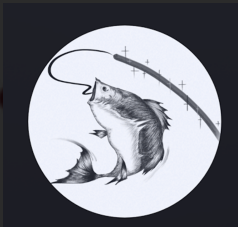


TORUS2018 on December 14, 2018 in Puerto Varas, Chile

BASS Survey XI: The covering factor of dust and gas in Swift/BAT AGN

Ichikawa et al. '17, ApJ, 835, 74
Ichikawa et al. '18, ApJ in press.
arXiv:1811.02568



Kohei Ichikawa (市川幸平)

FRIS fellow, Tohoku Univ. (from Oct 2018-)

happy peaceful

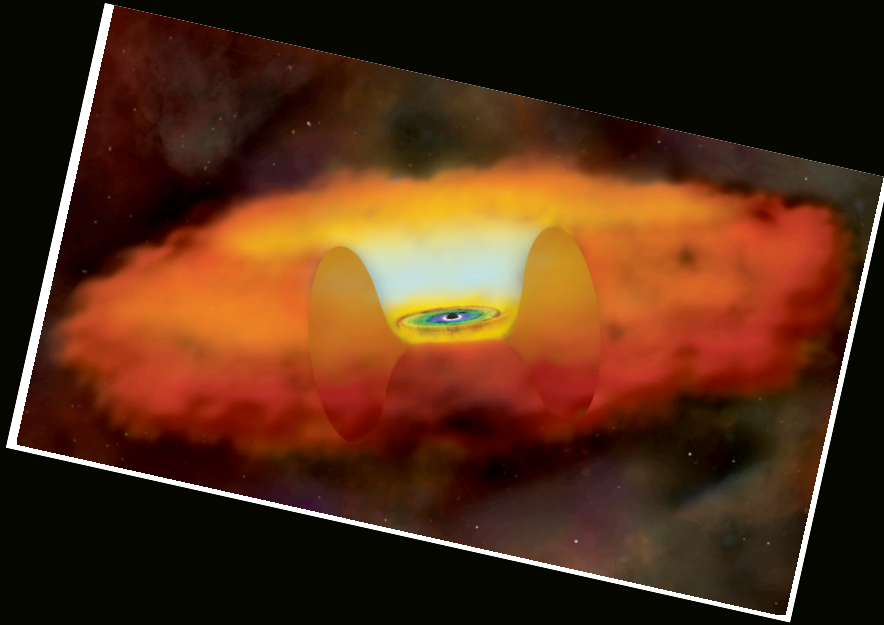


In collaboration with

C. Ricci, Y. Ueda, **F. Bauer**, **T. Kawamuro**, M. J. Koss, K. Oh, D. J. Rosario, T. T. Shimizu, **M. Stalevski**, **L. Fuller**, **C. Packham**, B. Trakhtenbrot, and the BASS team

(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

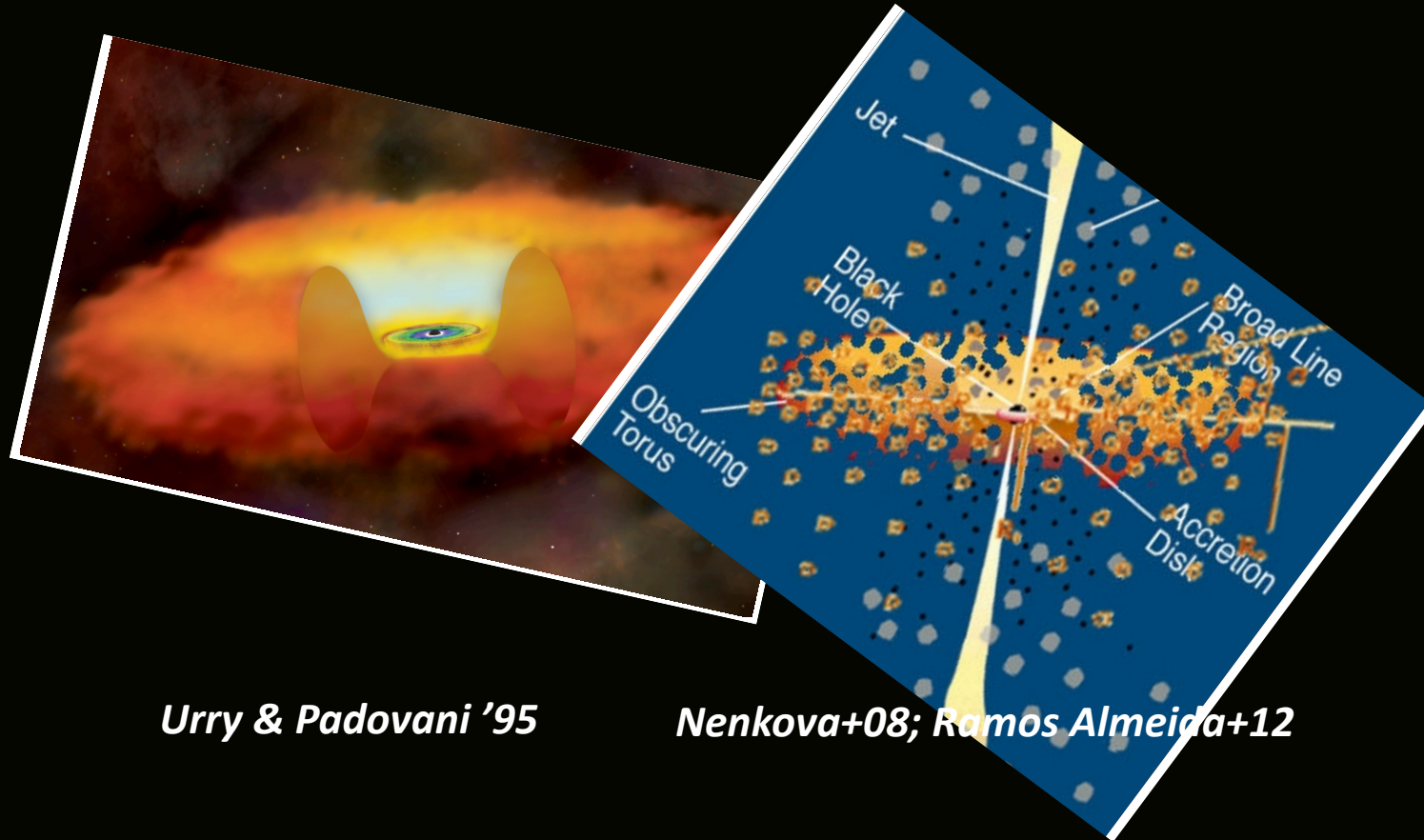
Nuclear (MIR) dust emitting region is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



Urry & Padovani '95

(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

Nuclear (MIR) dust emission is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$

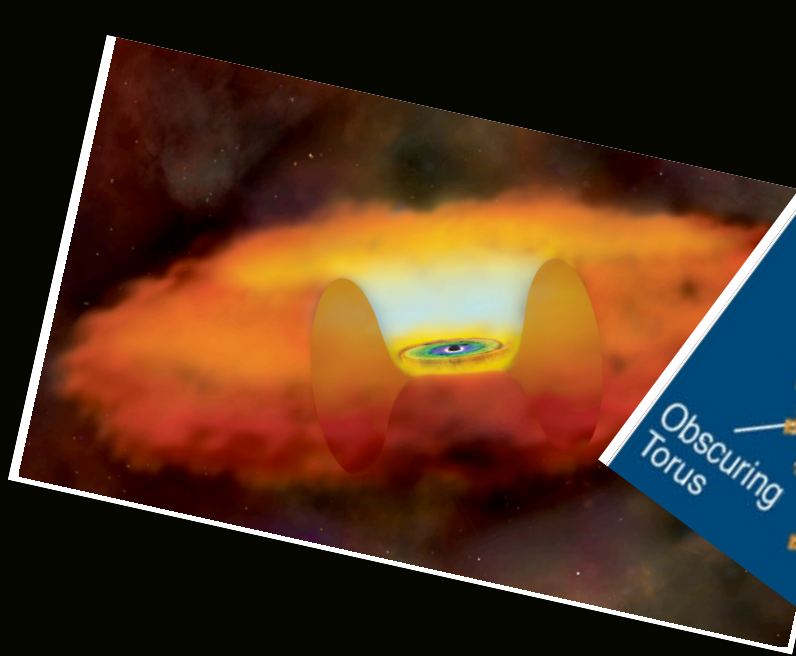


Urry & Padovani '95

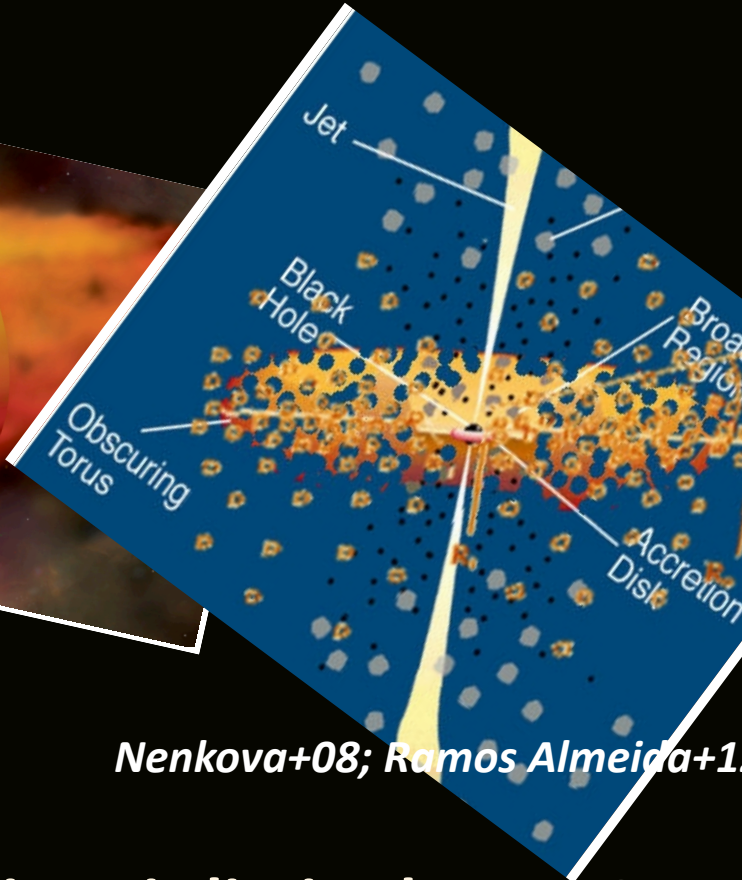
Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+12

(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

Nuclear (MIR) dust emission is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



Urry & Padovani '95



Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+12

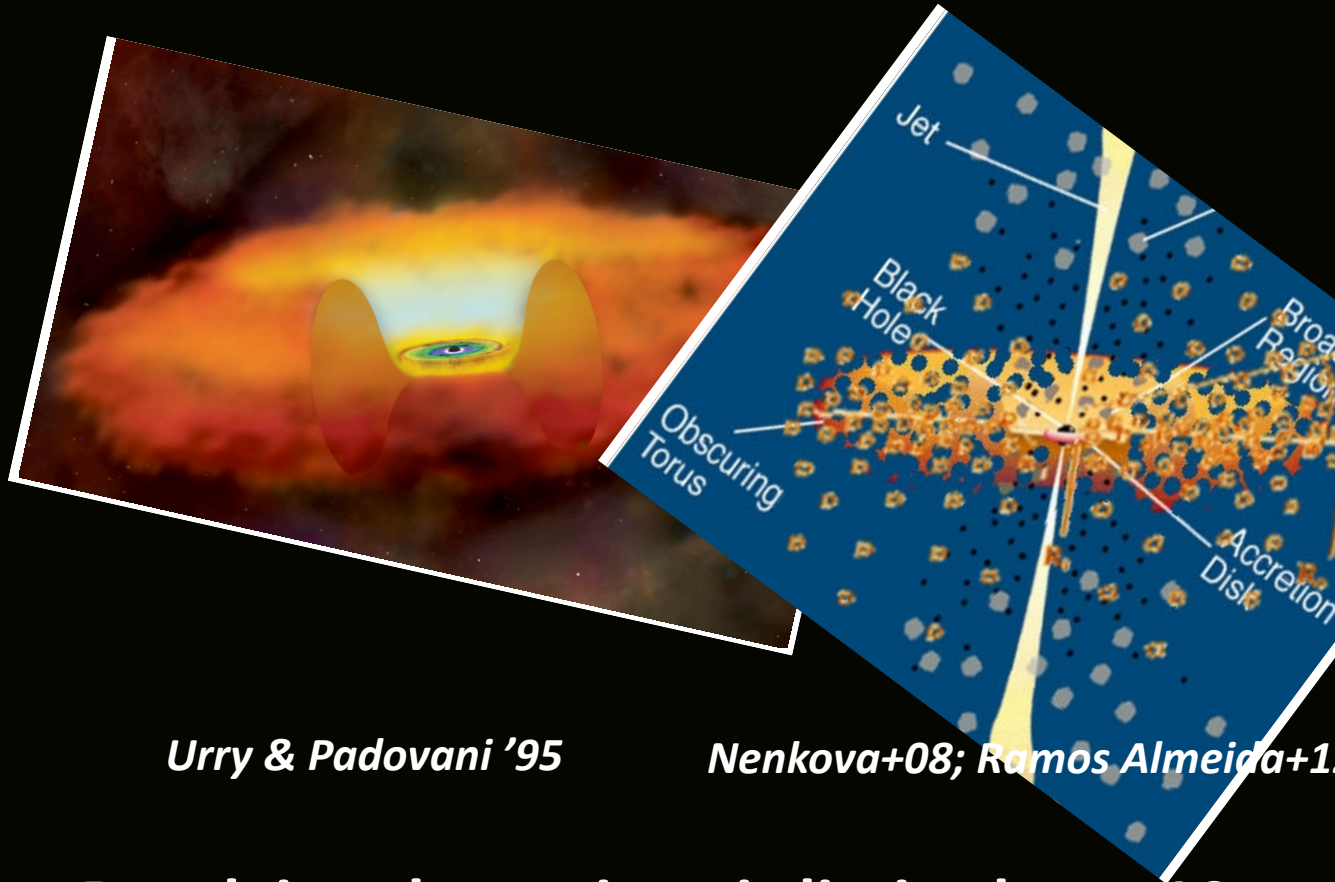


e.g., Hoenig+12

\therefore Resolving the regions is limited to < 10 sources

Geometry of (nuclear) dust emission

Nuclear (MIR) dust emission is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



Urry & Padovani '95

Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+12



e.g., Hoenig+12

\therefore Resolving the regions is limited to < 10 sources

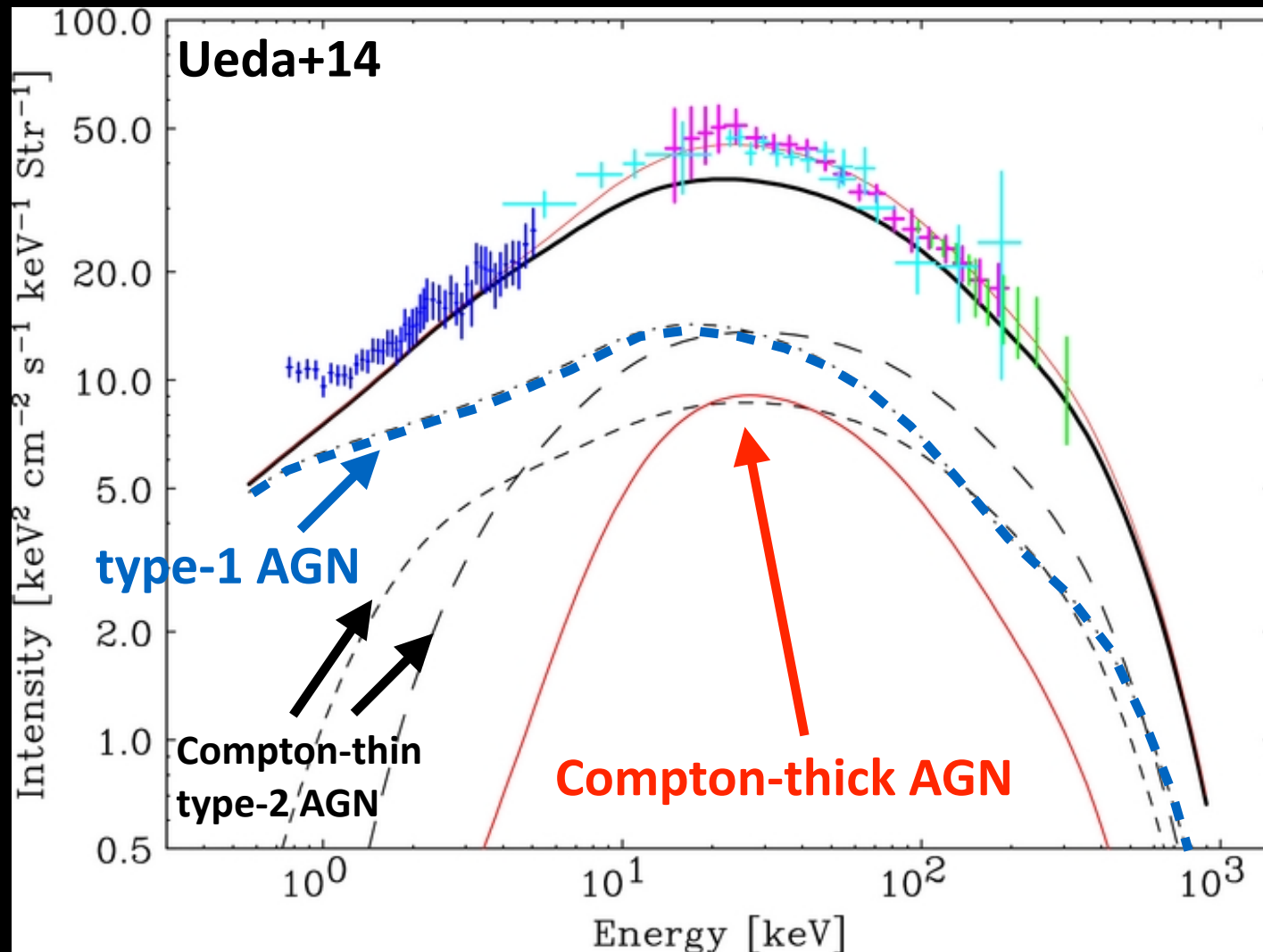
Q. How much do we constrain the (averaged) dust geometry?

$$C_T(\text{dust}) \propto L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN}) / L_{\text{bol}}(\text{AGN})$$

Our Goal: Obtaining $C_T(\text{dust})$ using the complete AGN sample

Most of AGN are obscured

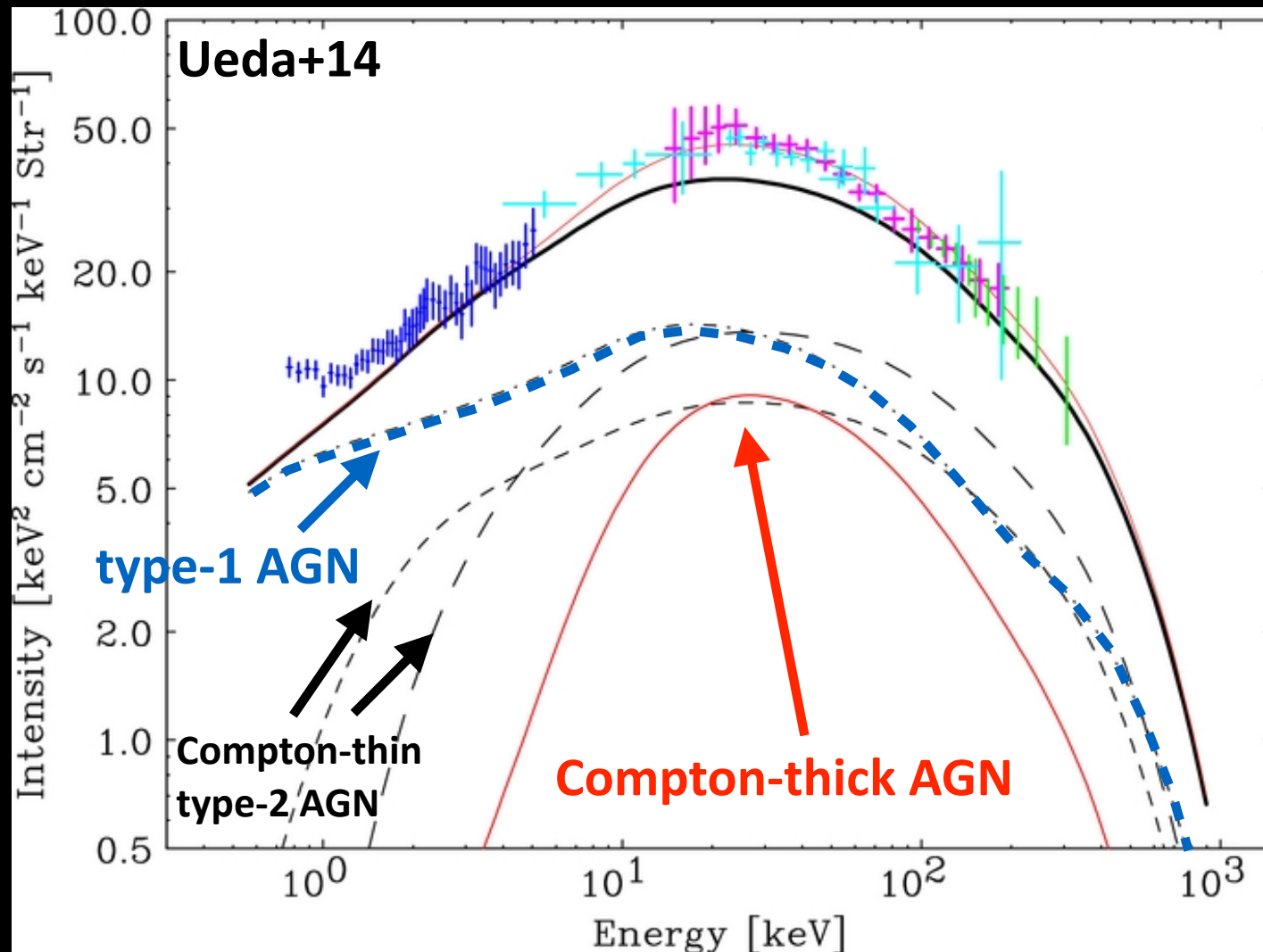
XRB indicates that most of AGN are obscured



☑ energy density peaks at $\sim 30 \text{ keV}$

Most of AGN are obscured

XRB indicates that most of AGN are obscured

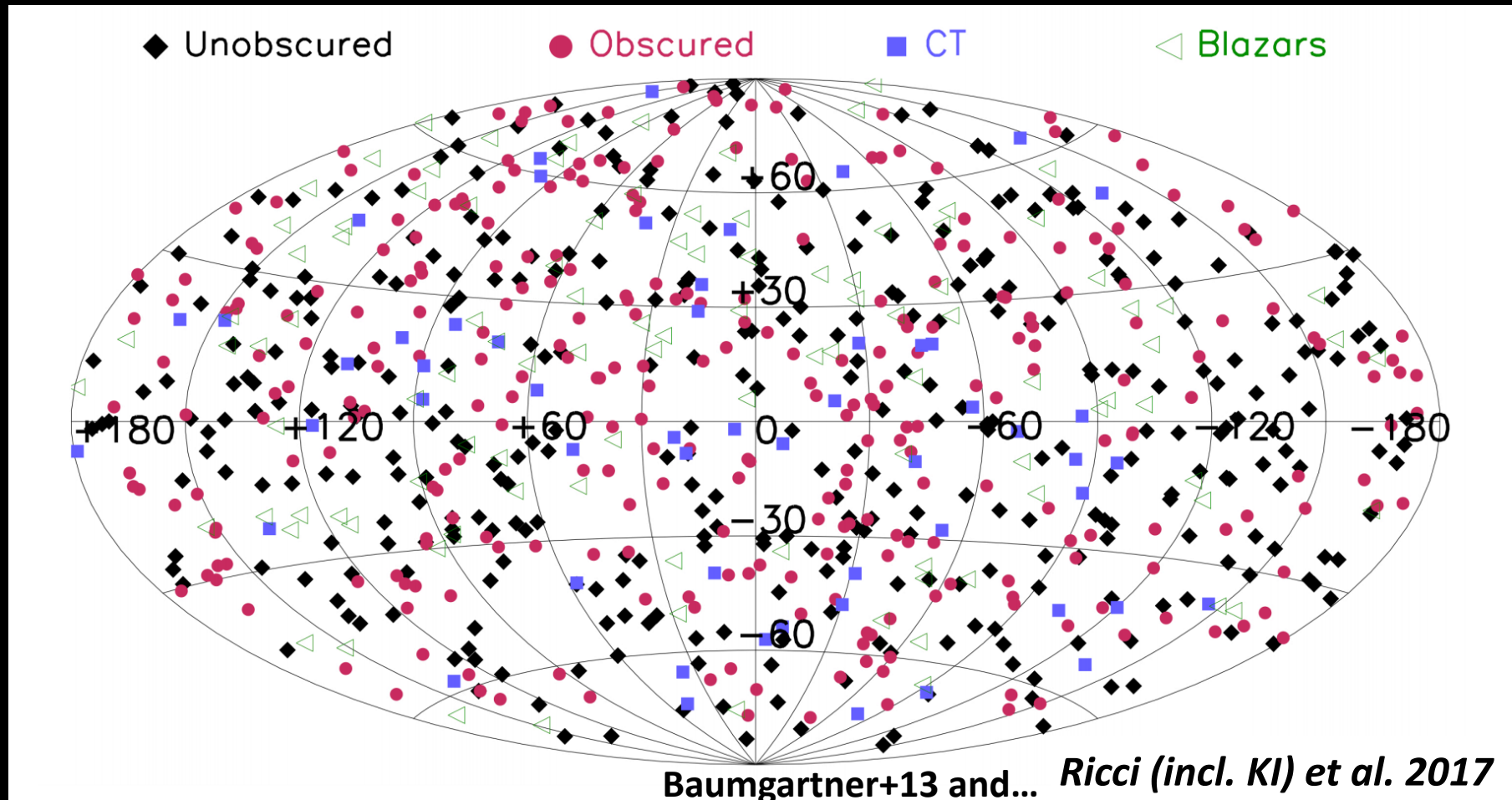


- ☑ energy density peaks at $\sim 30 \text{ keV}$
- ☑ **$E > 10 \text{ keV}$** : best energy band to detect obscured ($\log N_{\text{H}} > 22$) AGN

Swift/BAT AGN (14-195 keV)

70 month catalog: 836 AGN (728 non-blazars)

FYI, 105 month catalog is public (Oh et al., '18)



☑ most complete up to $\log N_H = 24.5$ in the local Universe
(Koss+16; Ricci+15)

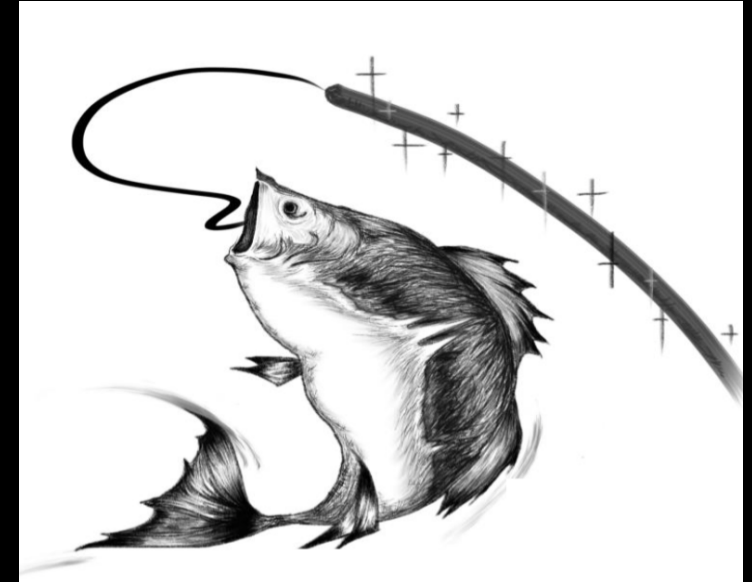
☑ **606** out of 728 have z info and are located at $|b| > 10^\circ$

BASS=BAT AGN Spec Survey

Multi-wavelength Follow-up of BAT-AGN

co-lead by M. Koss, *C. Ricci*, B. Trakhtenbrot, K. Oh

- ☑ X-ray (L_X , N_H , Γ) Ricci et al. (2017)
- ☑ Optical Spec (M_{BH} , λ_{Edd}) Koss et al. (2017)
- ☑ NIR Spec (σ , M_{BH}) Lamperti et al. (2017)



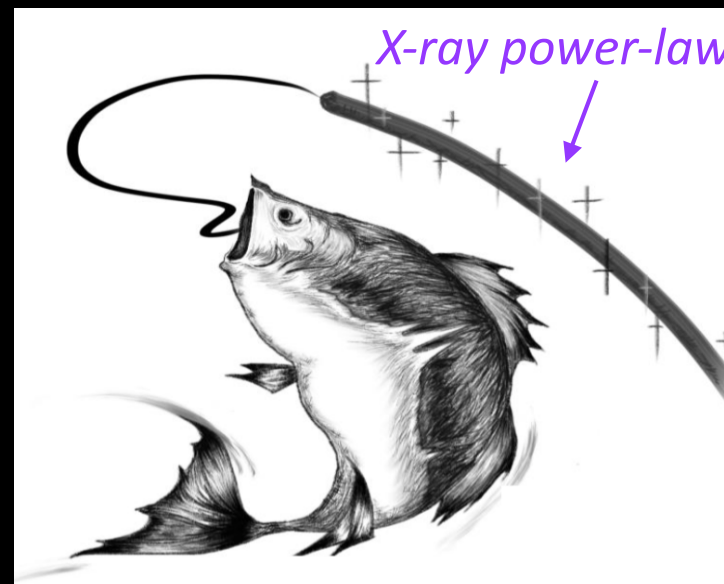
by Courtesy of K. Oh

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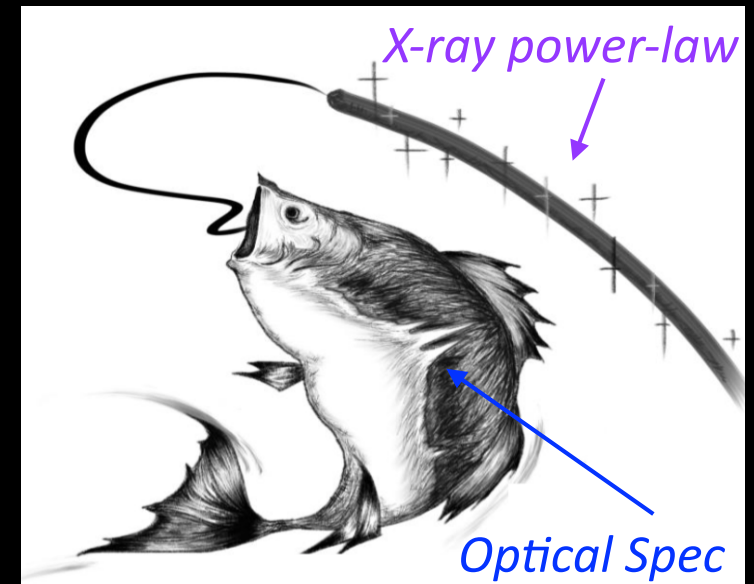
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- ☑ NIR Spec (σ , M_{BH}) Lamperti et al. (2017)



by Courtesy of K. Oh

More studies and Data, see [BASS website!](#)

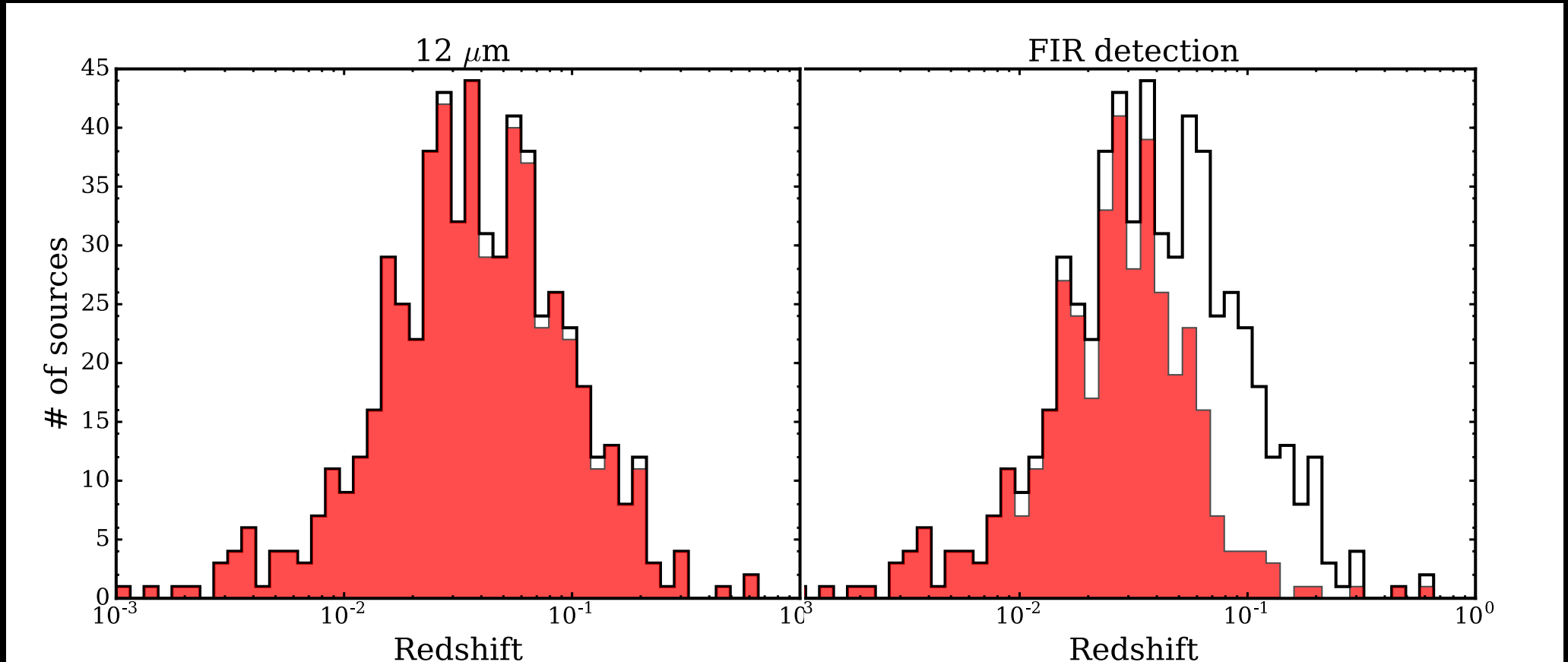
Today's topic

- ☑ IR catalog (3-500 μm) *Ichikawa et al. (2017a)*
- ☑ IR SED Decomposition; *Ichikawa et al. (2018), arXiv:1811.02568*

IR counterparts of BAT AGN

☑ 3-500 μm IR data from WISE, AKARI, IRAS, and Herschel

(see Ichikawa+17 for more details)



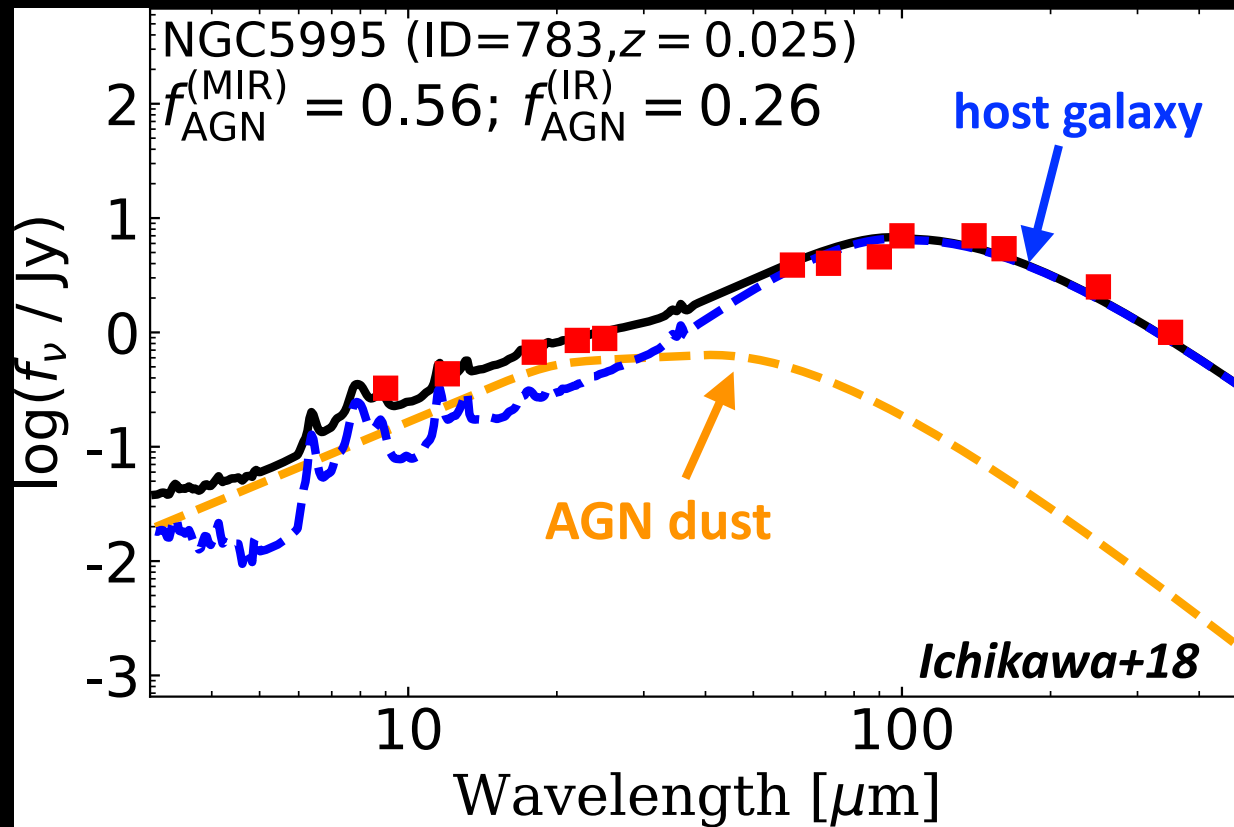
☑ **601/606** MIR (, NIR) and **402/606** FIR counterparts

☑ suitable for the AGN dust/host galaxy studies

☑ IR Data is already public. http://iopscience.iop.org/0004-637X/835/1/74/suppdata/apjaa5154t1_mrt.txt

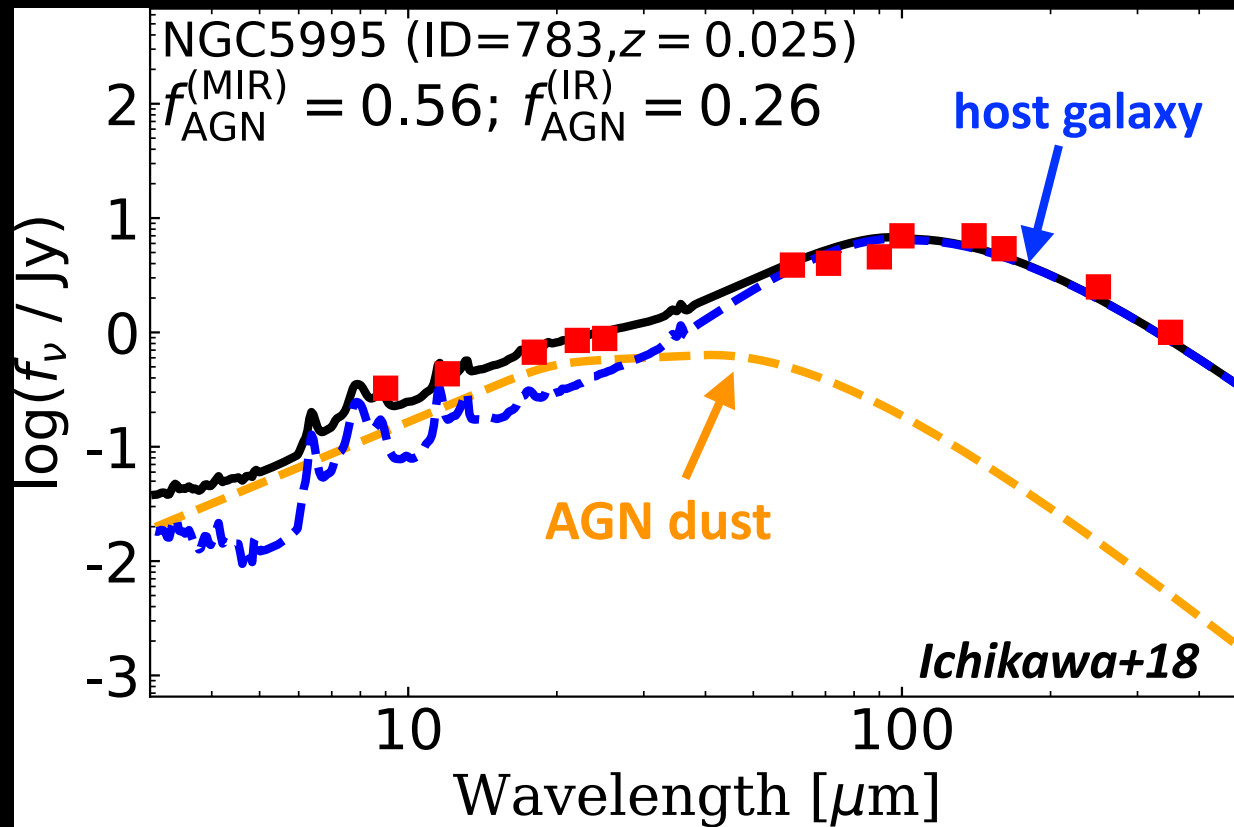
SED Decomposition in IR bands

- ☑ SED Decomposition is done using simple AGN/(SB+stellar) templates
(see Ichikawa+18 for more details)



SED Decomposition in IR bands

- ☑ SED Decomposition is done using simple AGN/(SB+stellar) templates
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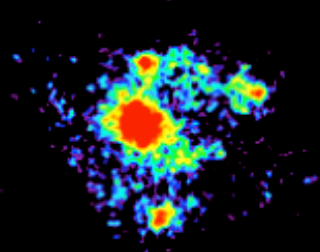
- ☑ SED decomposition: **587/606** sources
 - ☑ Disentangling AGN/host galaxy (SB+stellar) component
- => **AGN IR emission w/o host galaxy contamination**

FYI, All info incl. IR SEDs, decomposed SEDs, M_{BH} , L_x , bol will be public

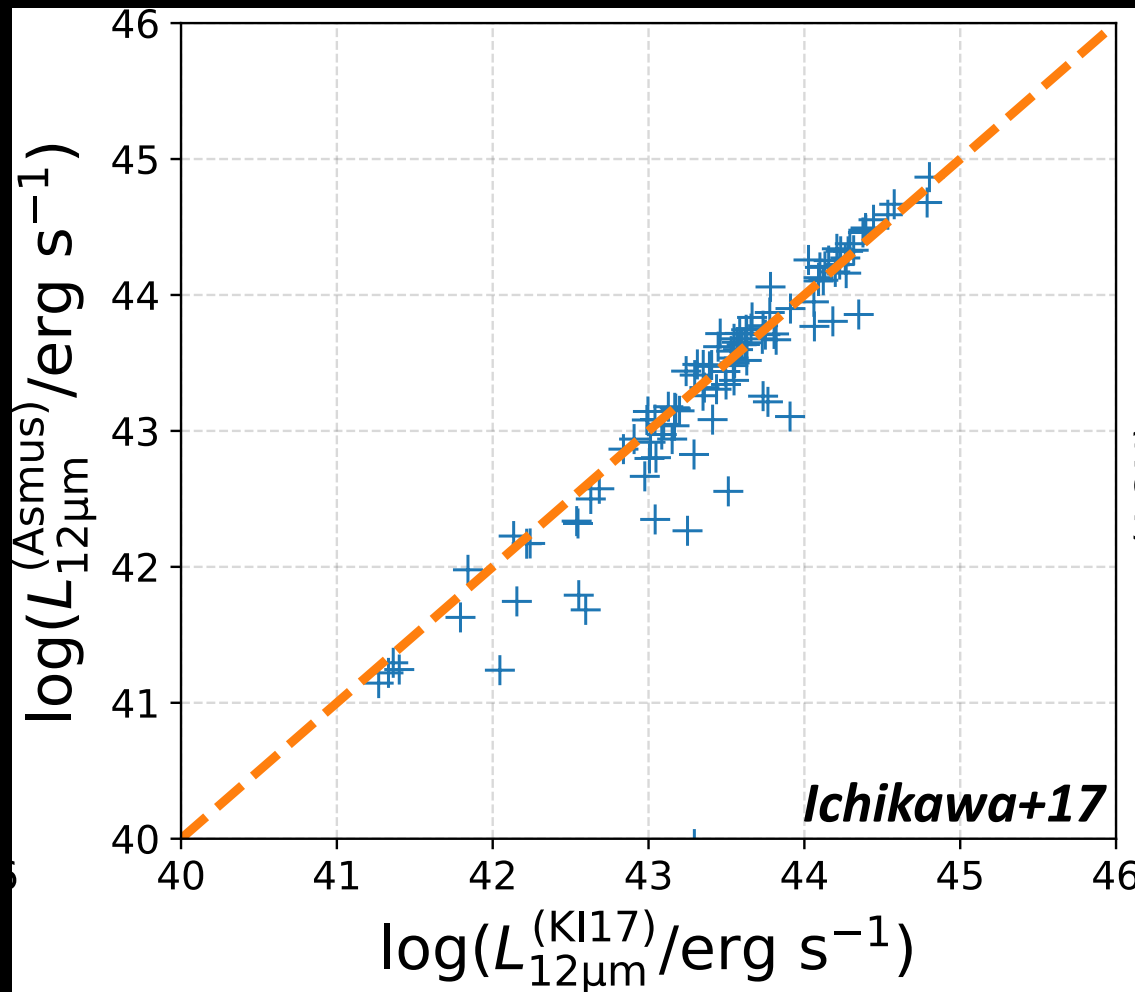
Comparison with high-spatial resolution observations

High spatial.
resol. obs.
(Asmus+14,+15)

IC4687

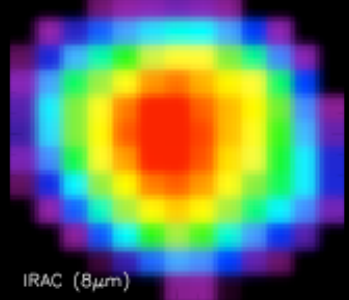


T-ReCS (8.7 μm)



$$\checkmark L_{12\mu\text{m}}^{(\text{KI17})} \geq L_{12\mu\text{m}}^{(\text{Asmus})}$$

IC4687



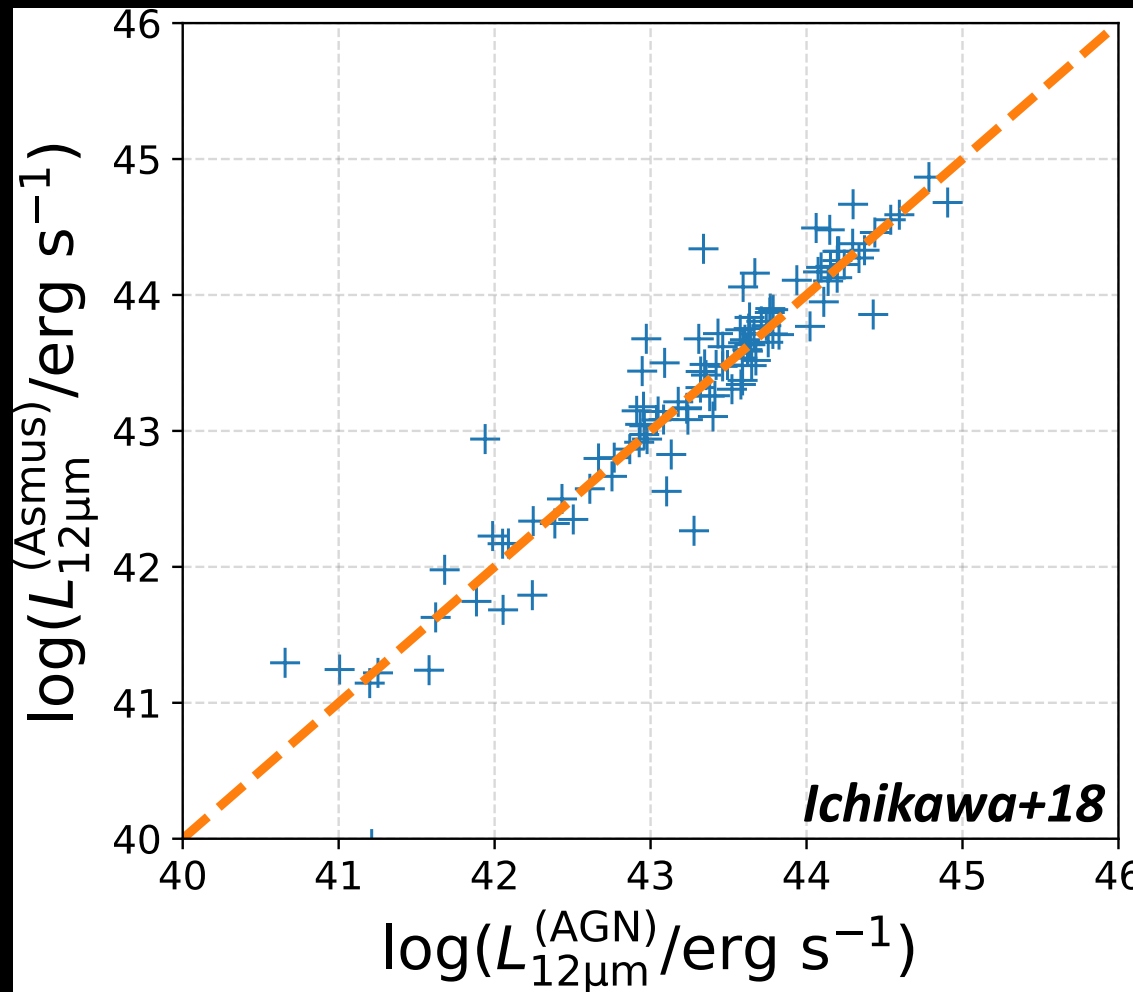
IRAC (8 μm)

$L_{12\mu\text{m}}$ “Before” SED
decomposition

Comparison with high-spatial resolution observations

☑ SED Decomposition works well!

High spatial.
resol. obs.



$L_{12\mu\text{m}}$ “after” SED
decomposition

☑ SED decomposition reproduces $L_{12\mu\text{m}}$ of 0.”3-0.”7 scale high spatial resolution observations (Asmus+14;15)

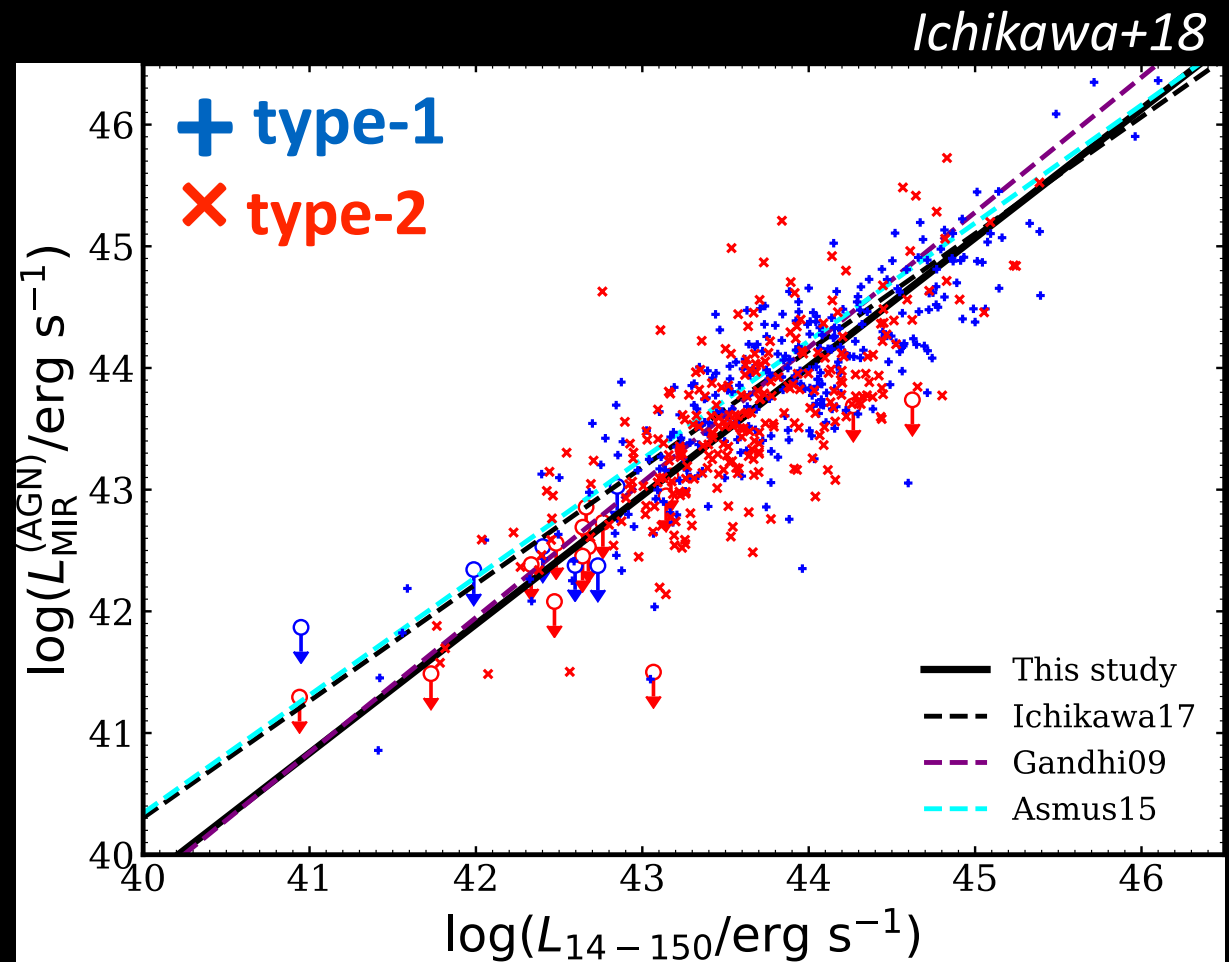
$L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})$ vs. $L_{14-150\text{keV}}$

Our study

$$L_{\text{MIR}}/L_x (\text{type-1}) \sim L_{\text{MIR}}/L_x (\text{type-2})$$



MIR emission: isotropic



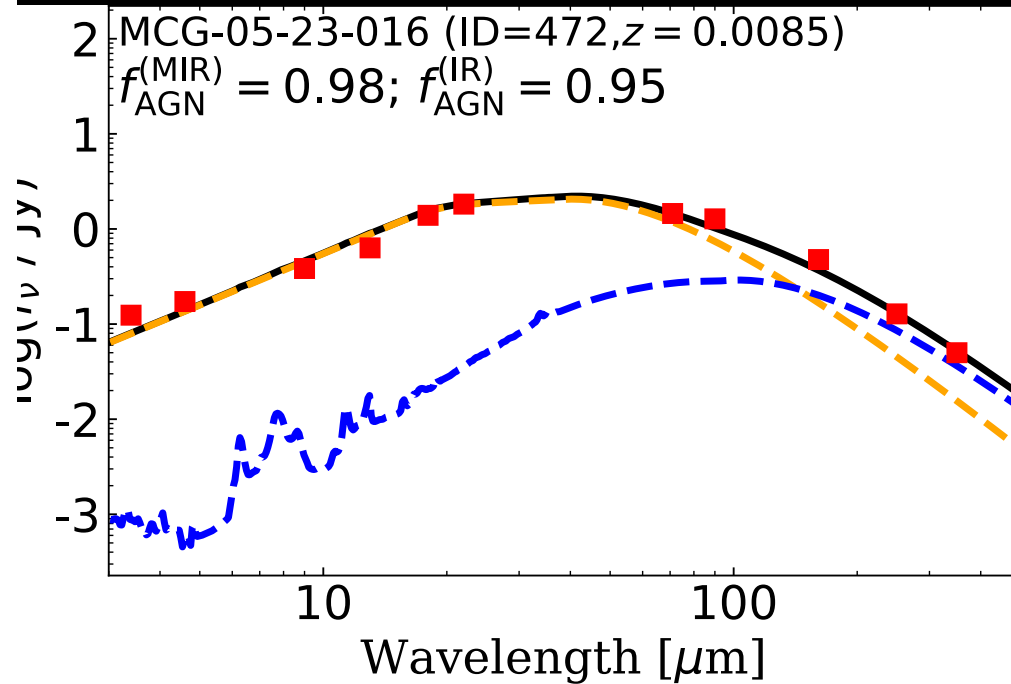
$$\log L_{\text{MIR}} \propto 1.06 \log L_x : \text{slope } b=1.06 (+/-0.03)$$

☑ $b=0.9-1.1$ from local/X-ray selected AGN

(e.g., Gandhi+09; Ichikawa+12,+17; Asmus+15; Mateos+15)

IR-Pure AGN candidates

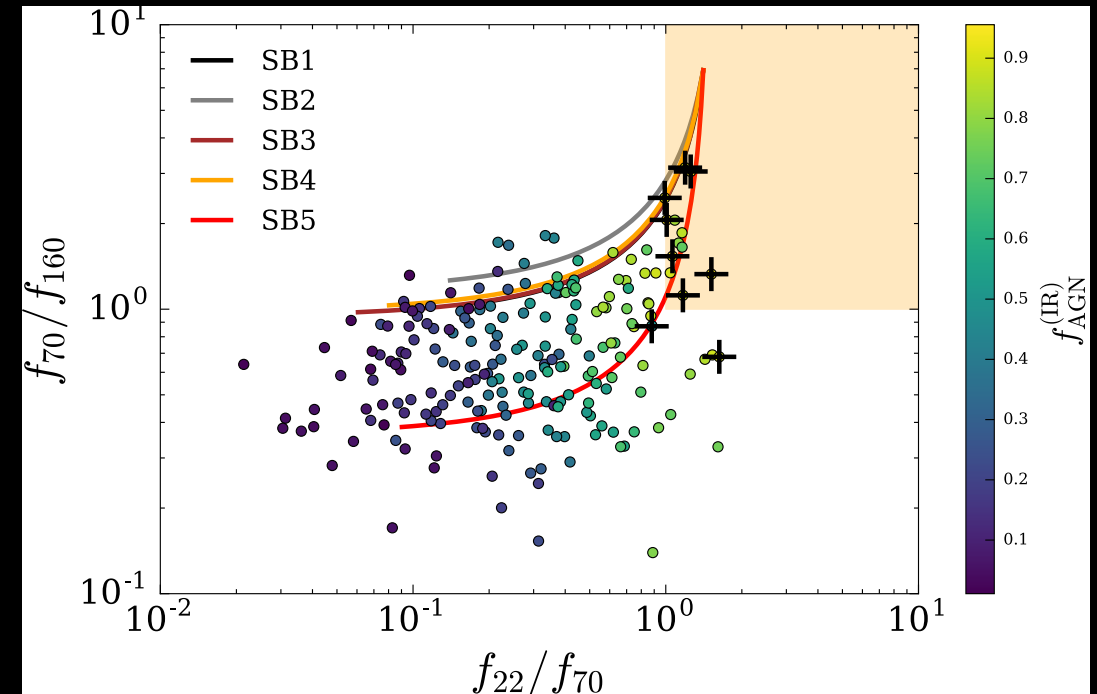
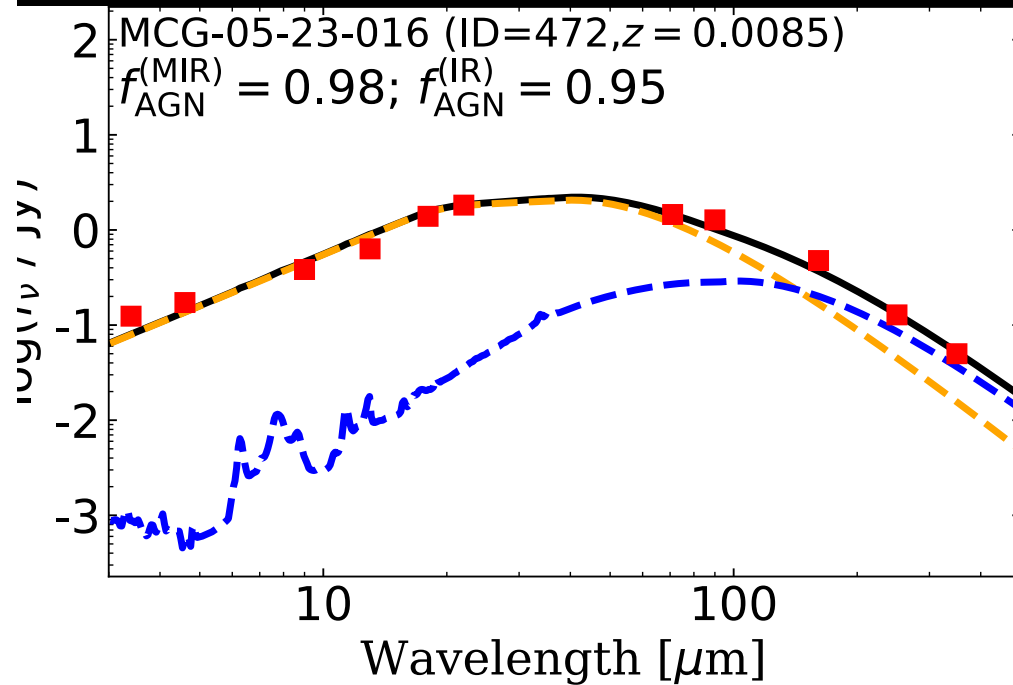
We found 9 “IR-pure AGN” candidates



IR-Pure AGN candidates

We found 9 “IR-pure AGN” candidates

Ichikawa+18

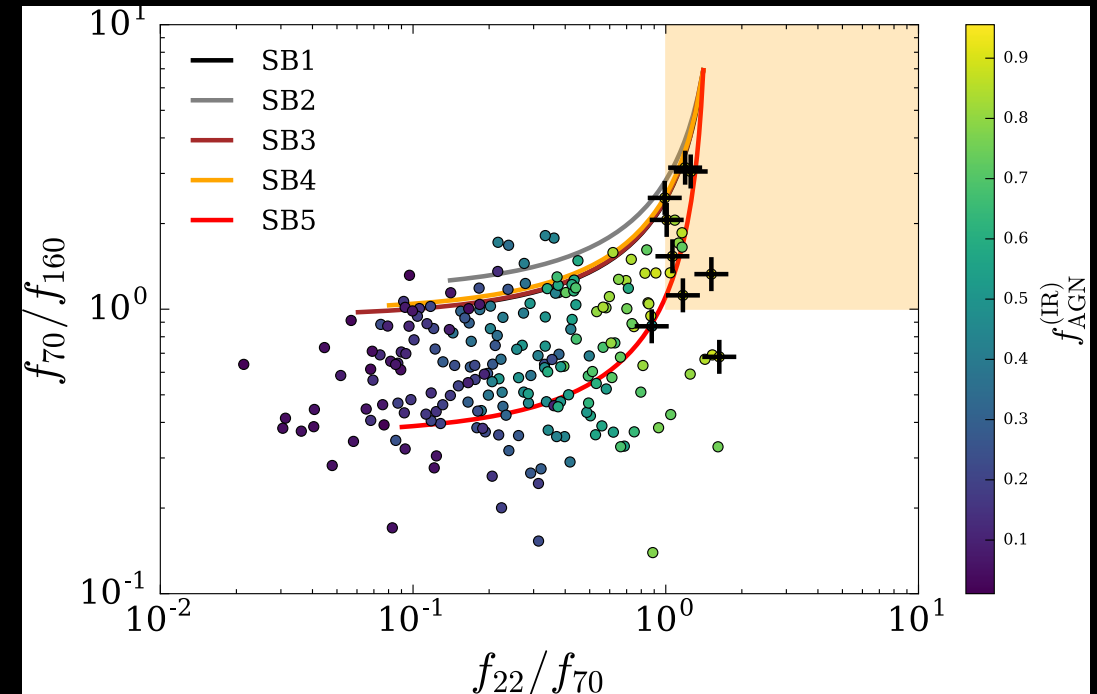
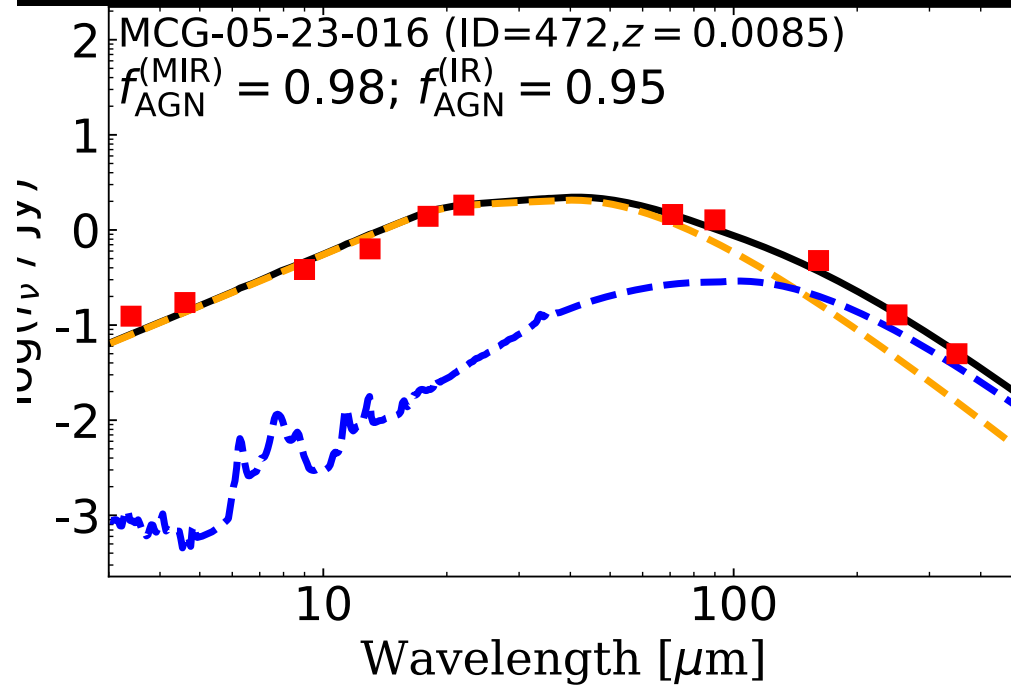


- ☑ FIR (up to $\sim 100\mu\text{m}$) is dominated by AGN torus emission
- ☑ IR-pure AGN shows the SED w/ $f_{22\mu\text{m}} > f_{70\mu\text{m}} > f_{160\mu\text{m}}$

IR-Pure AGN candidates

We found 9 “IR-pure AGN” candidates

Ichikawa+18



☑ FIR (up to $\sim 100\mu\text{m}$) is dominated by AGN torus emission

☑ M_{BH} , $L_{14-150\text{keV}}$ distribution is same as the parent sample
($\langle \log M_{\text{BH}} \rangle = 7.8$, $\langle \log L_{14-150} \rangle = 43.7$)

➡ Suggesting weaker SF activities in the host

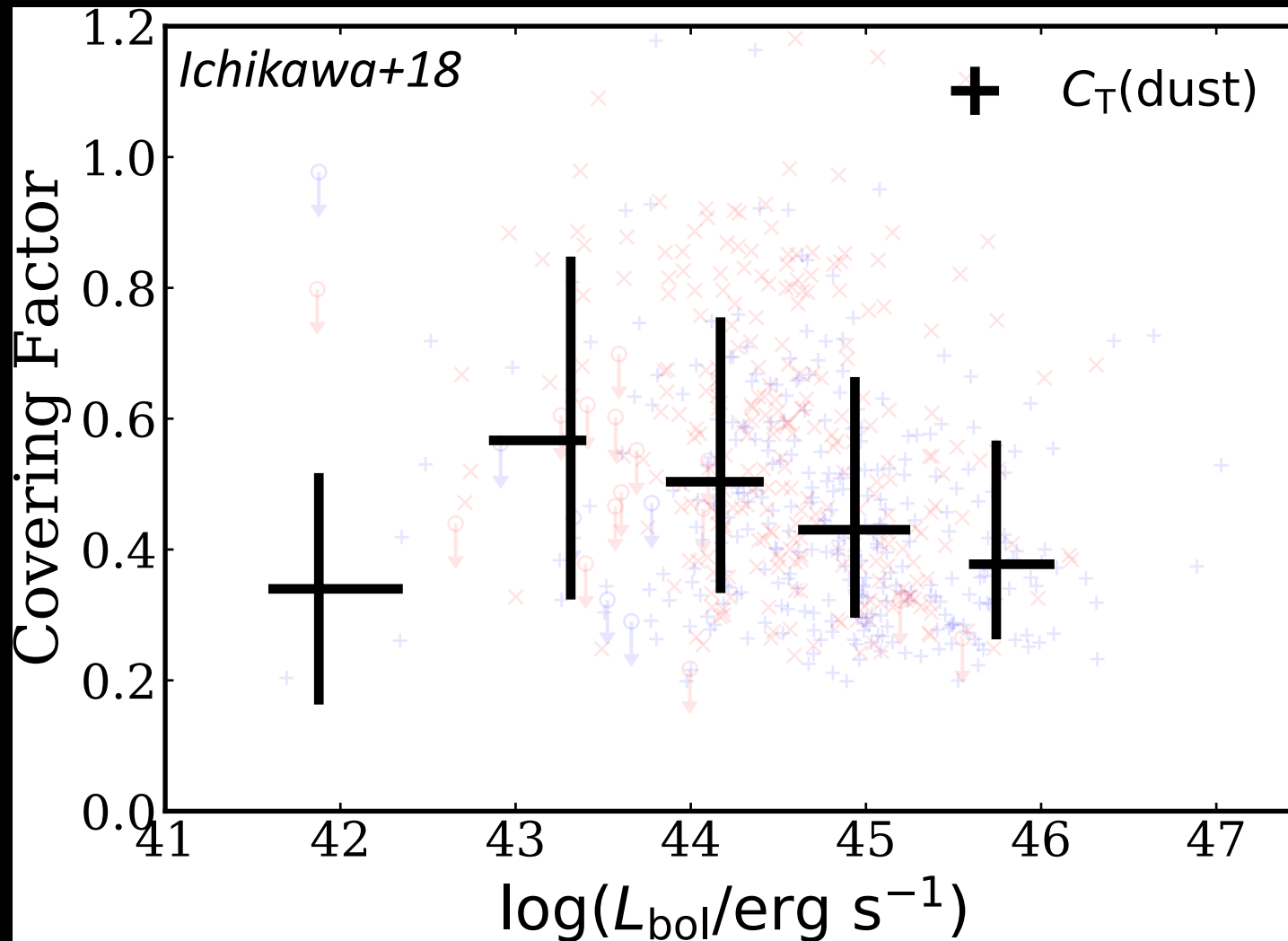
➡ good candidates of final stage AGN?

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ (const) and $L_{IR(AGN)} / L_{bol} \Rightarrow C_T$ (see Stalevski+16)

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{\text{bol}}$ (const) and $L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})/L_{\text{bol}} \Rightarrow C_T$ (see Stalevski+16)

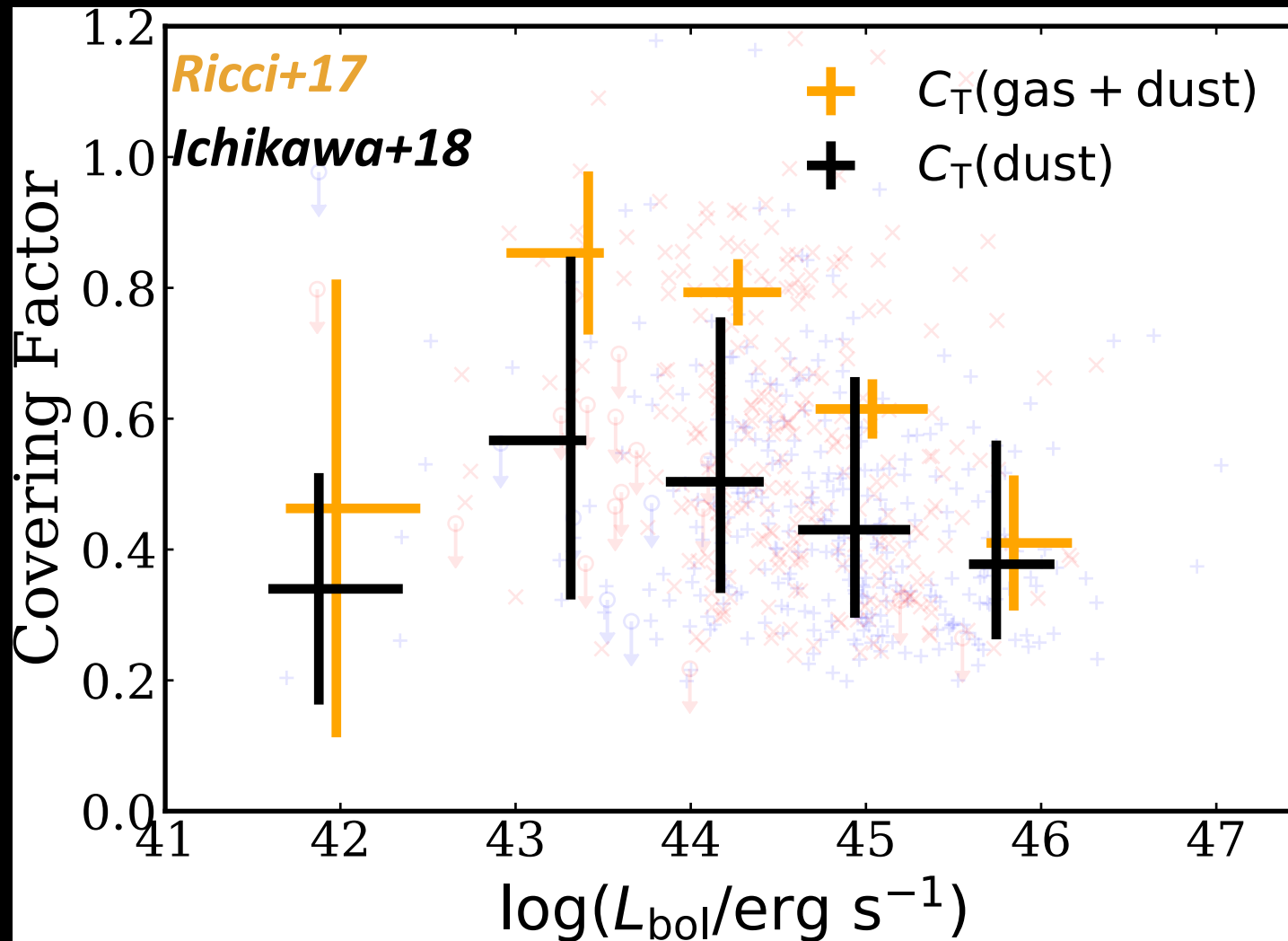


☑ $C_T(\text{dust})$: 0.4-0.6, very weak or almost independent of L_{bol}

(see also Merloni+14, Netzer+16, Stalevski+16, Mateos+17)

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{\text{bol}}$ (const) and $L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})/L_{\text{bol}} \Rightarrow C_T$ (see Stalevski+16)

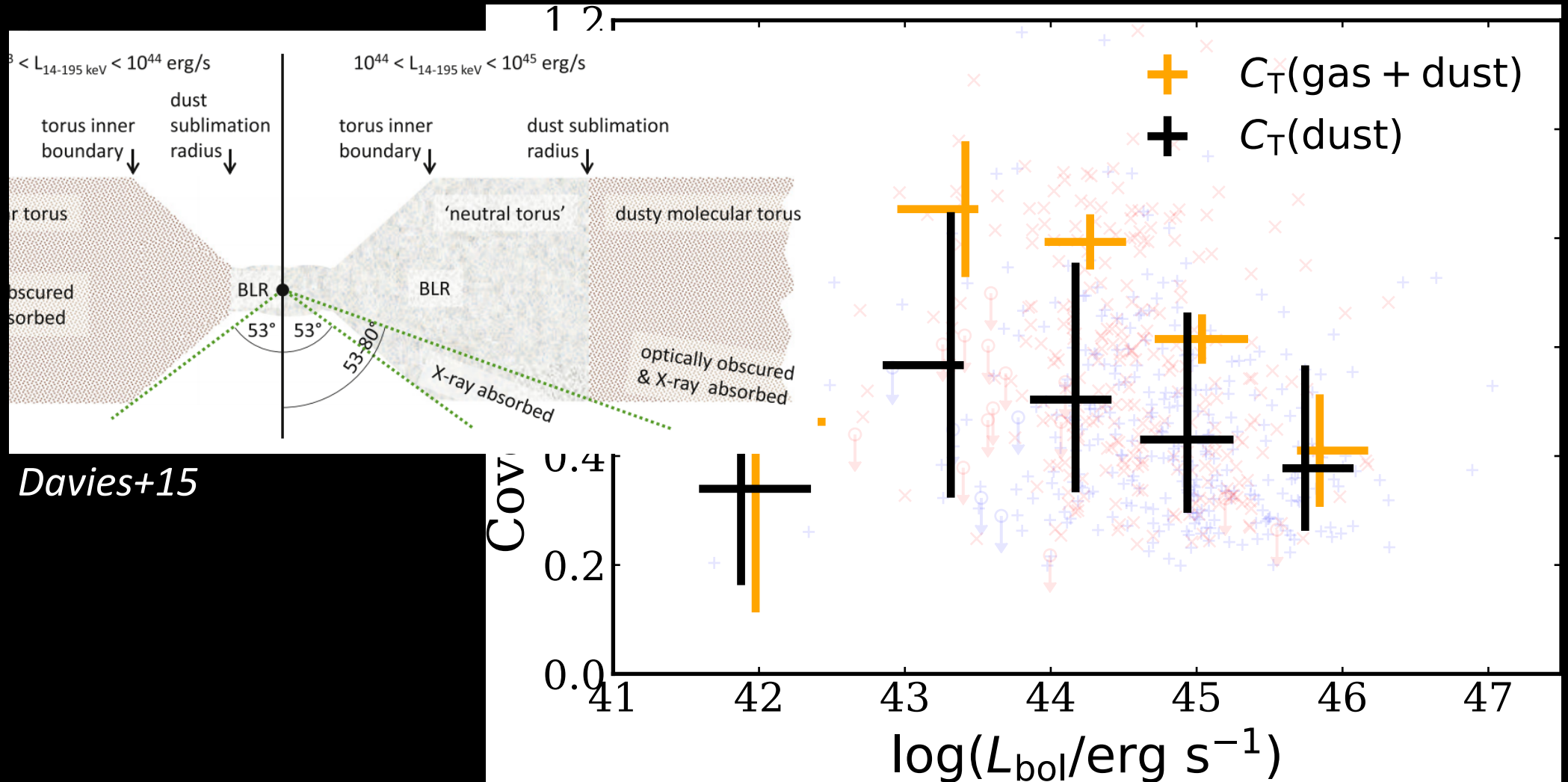


☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust} + \text{gas}) \leq$ obtained from X-ray obs.

☑ There is a dust-free (X-ray) obscuring region

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{\text{bol}}$ (const) and $L_{\text{torus}}/L_{\text{bol}} \Rightarrow C_T$ (dust) (see Stalevski+16)



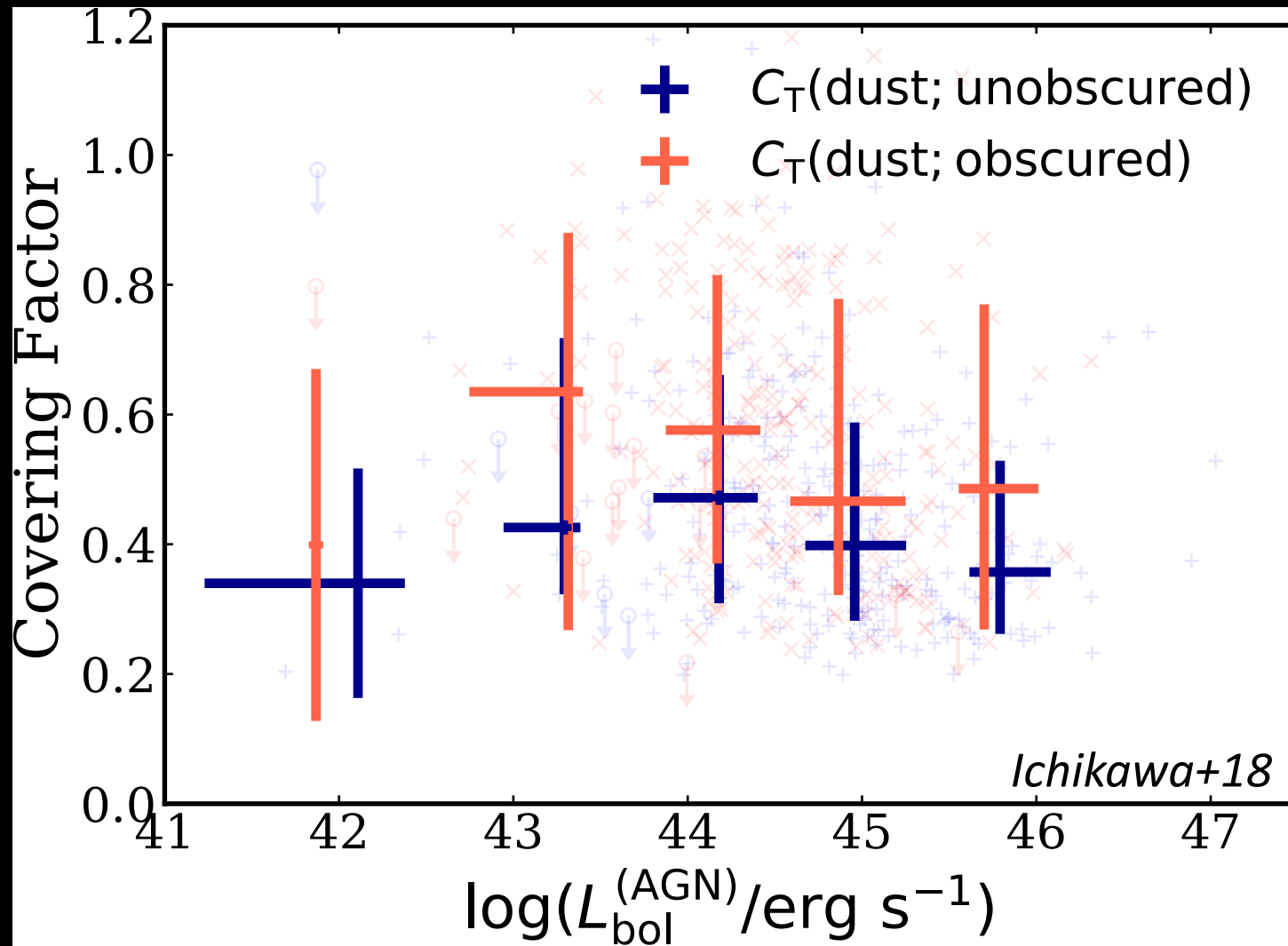
Davies+15

☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust+gas}) \leq$ obtained from X-ray obs.

☑ There is a **dust-free (X-ray) obscuring region**

24 (see also Markowitz+14; Davies+15; Liu+18)

Dust Covering factor (C_T) for un-/obscured AGN



- ☑ **C_T (obscured) is (on average) always larger than C_T (unobscured)**
=> larger (line of sight) N_H sources tend to have larger (geometrical) C_T

Summary

Swift/BAT (14-195 keV) AGN catalog

- ☑ suitable sample of an unbiased census of AGN
- ☑ BASS provides L_X , N_H , M_{BH} , and λ_E
- ☑ **almost complete 3-500 μm IR catalog**
(601/606 at MIR, 402 at FIR, see Ichikawa+17)

IR and X-ray properties of BAT AGN

- ☑ 9 IR-pure AGN are found
- ☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust+gas}) \Rightarrow$ dust-free obscuring region
- ☑ **$C_T(\text{obscured})$ is (on average) always larger than $C_T(\text{unobscured})$**

see Ichikawa et al. (2017, 2018) for more details

Appendix

TORUS2018 on December 14, 2018 in Puerto Varas, Chile

BASS Survey XI: The covering factor of dust and gas in Swift/BAT AGN

Ichikawa et al. '17, ApJ, 835, 74
Ichikawa et al. '18, ApJ in press.
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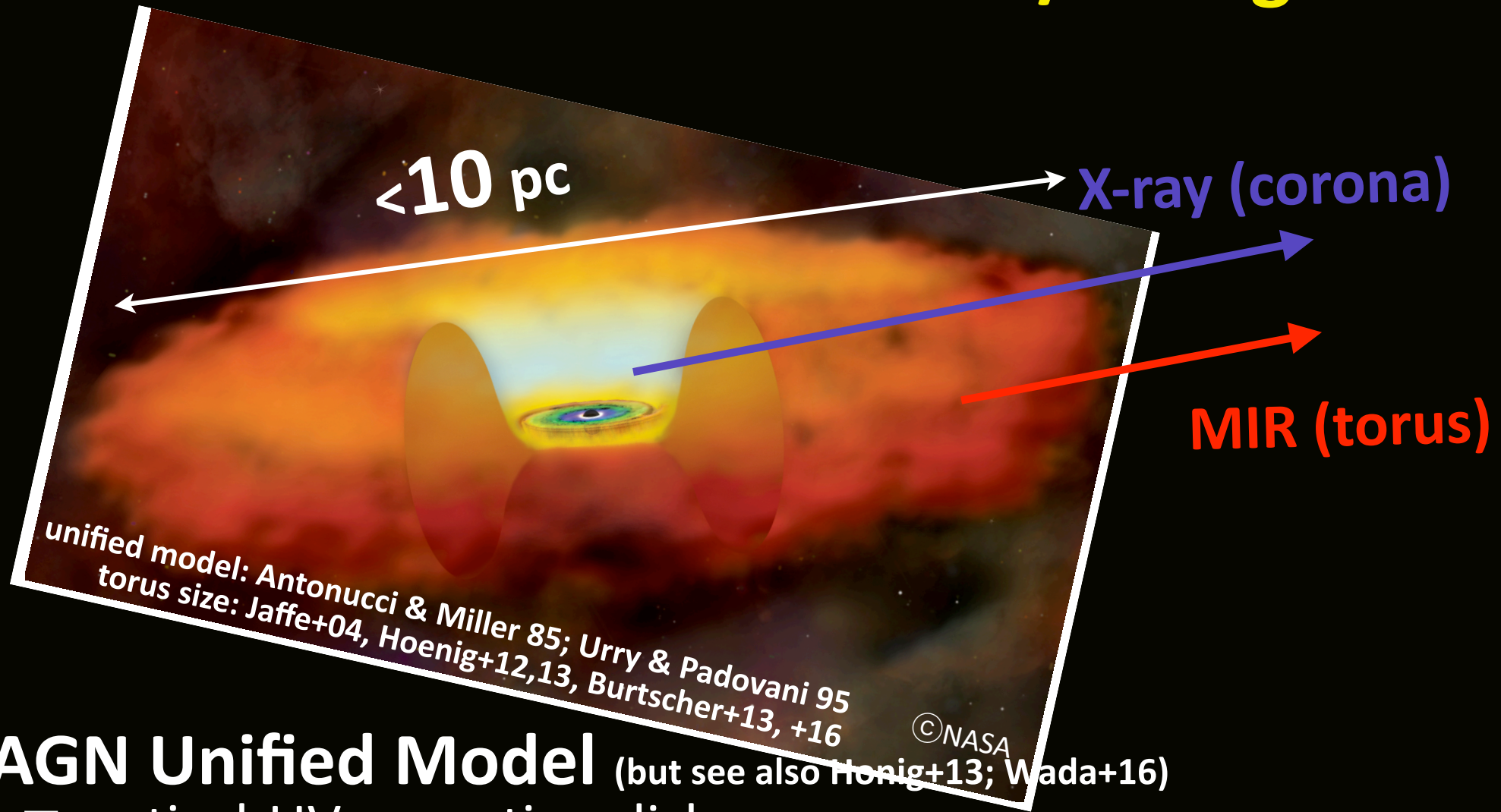
Kohei Ichikawa (市川幸平)

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IR observations of AGN= torus/host galaxies



AGN Unified Model (but see also Hoenig+13; Wada+16)

- ✓ optical-UV: accretion disk
- ✓ X-ray: accretion disk+hot electron corona
- ✓ **mid-IR (MIR): dusty torus (dust/gas provider to SMBH)**
- ✓ **far-IR (FIR): host galaxy**

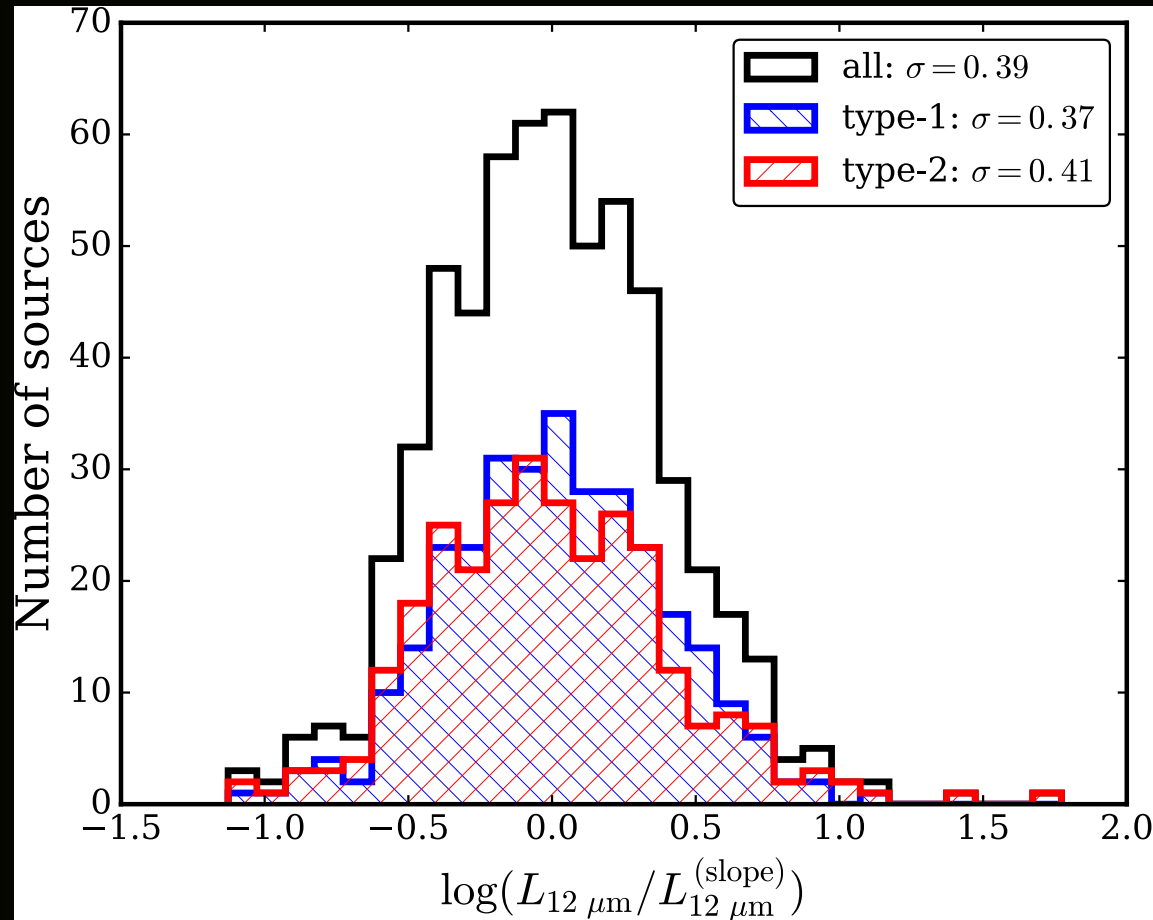
IR properties of BAT AGN

(see Ichikawa+17a for more details)

SED Decomposition

Ichikawa et al. (2018)

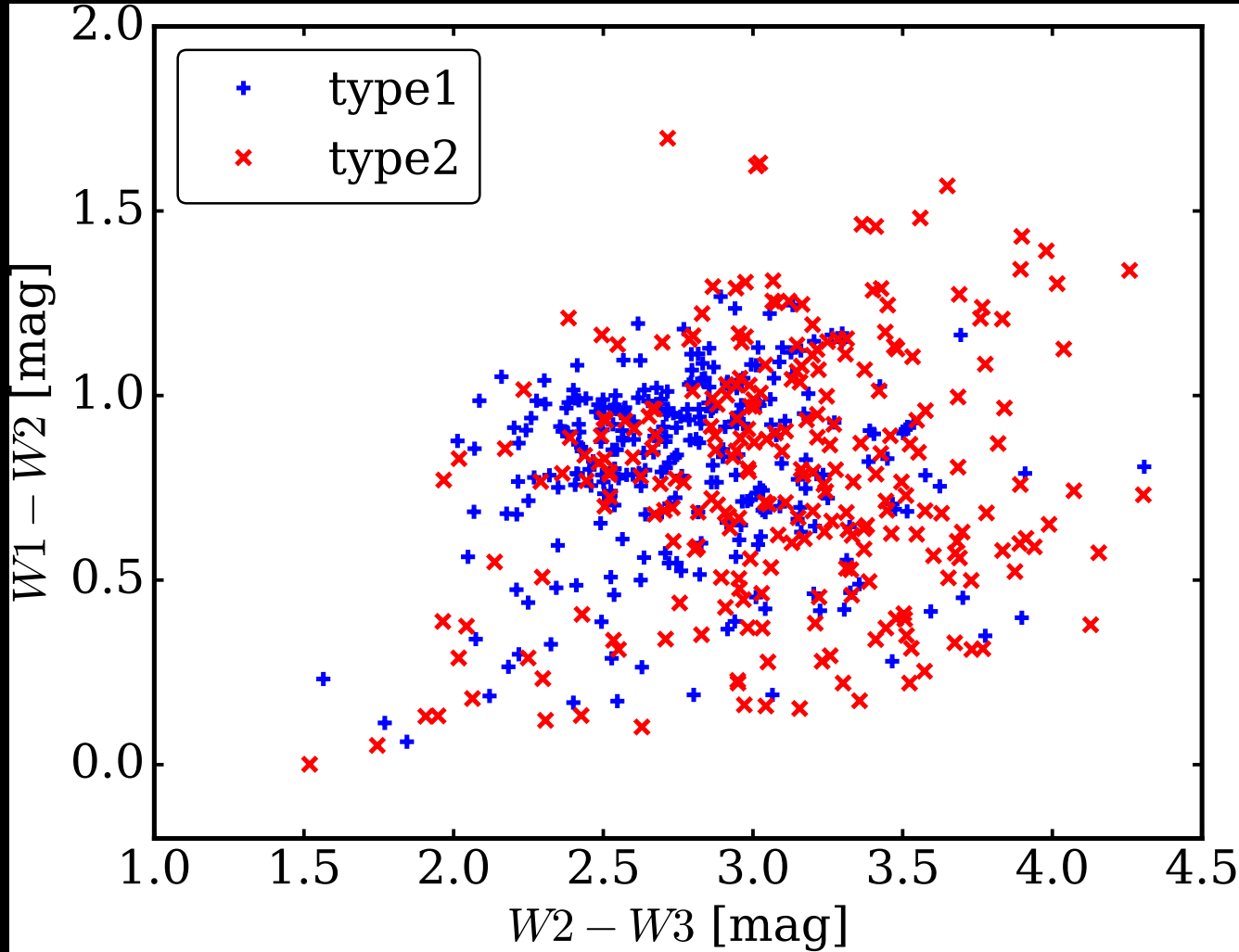
Consistency with dust polar emission



- ☑ type-1/-2 has same distribution => isotropic emission
- ☑ consistent with MIR polar emission or fountain model

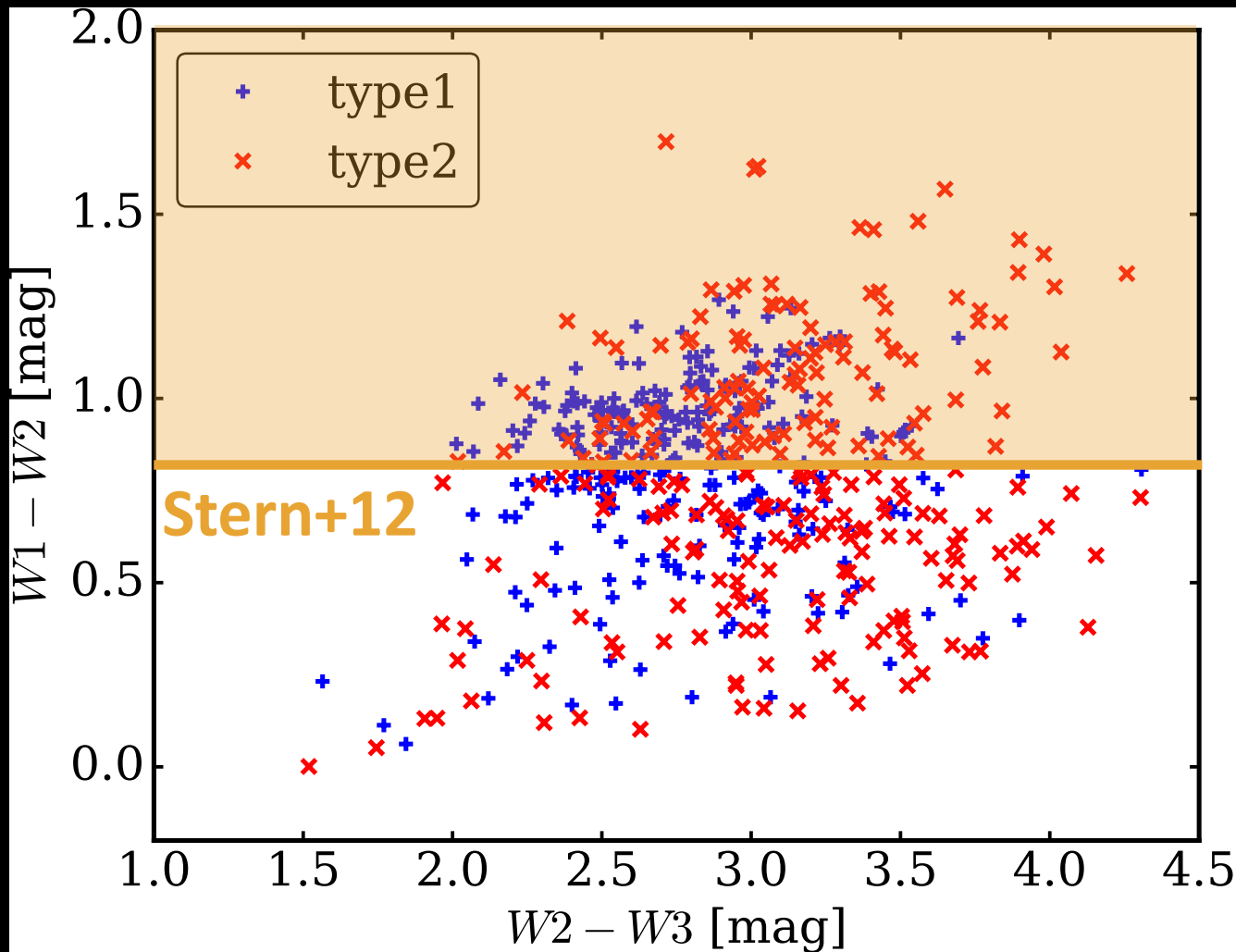
obs: Honig+13,+14, see also Asmus+16
model: Wada 12, Wada+16

WISE IR color-color selection of AGN



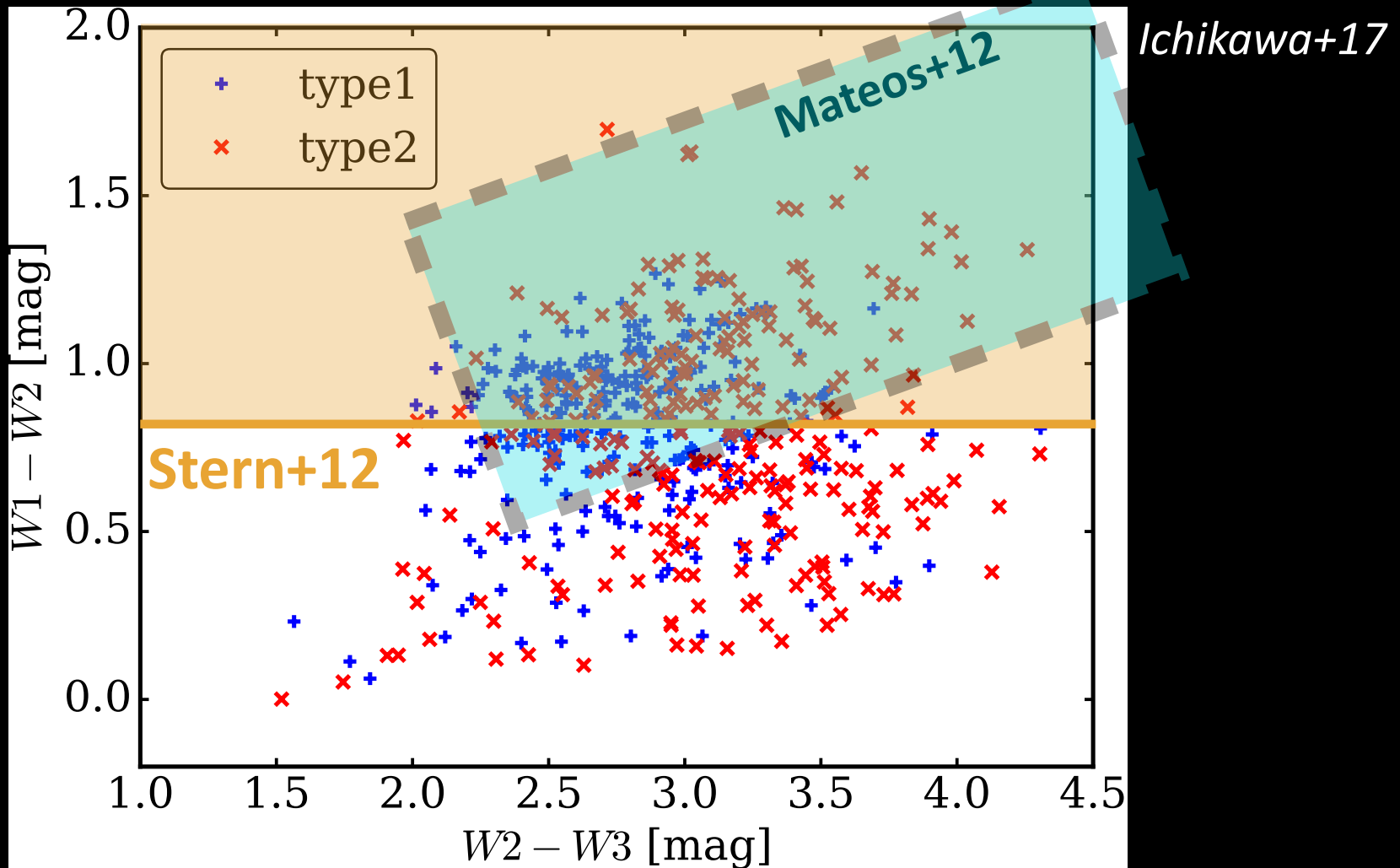
Ichikawa+17

WISE IR color-color selection of AGN



Ichikawa+17

WISE IR color-color selection of AGN



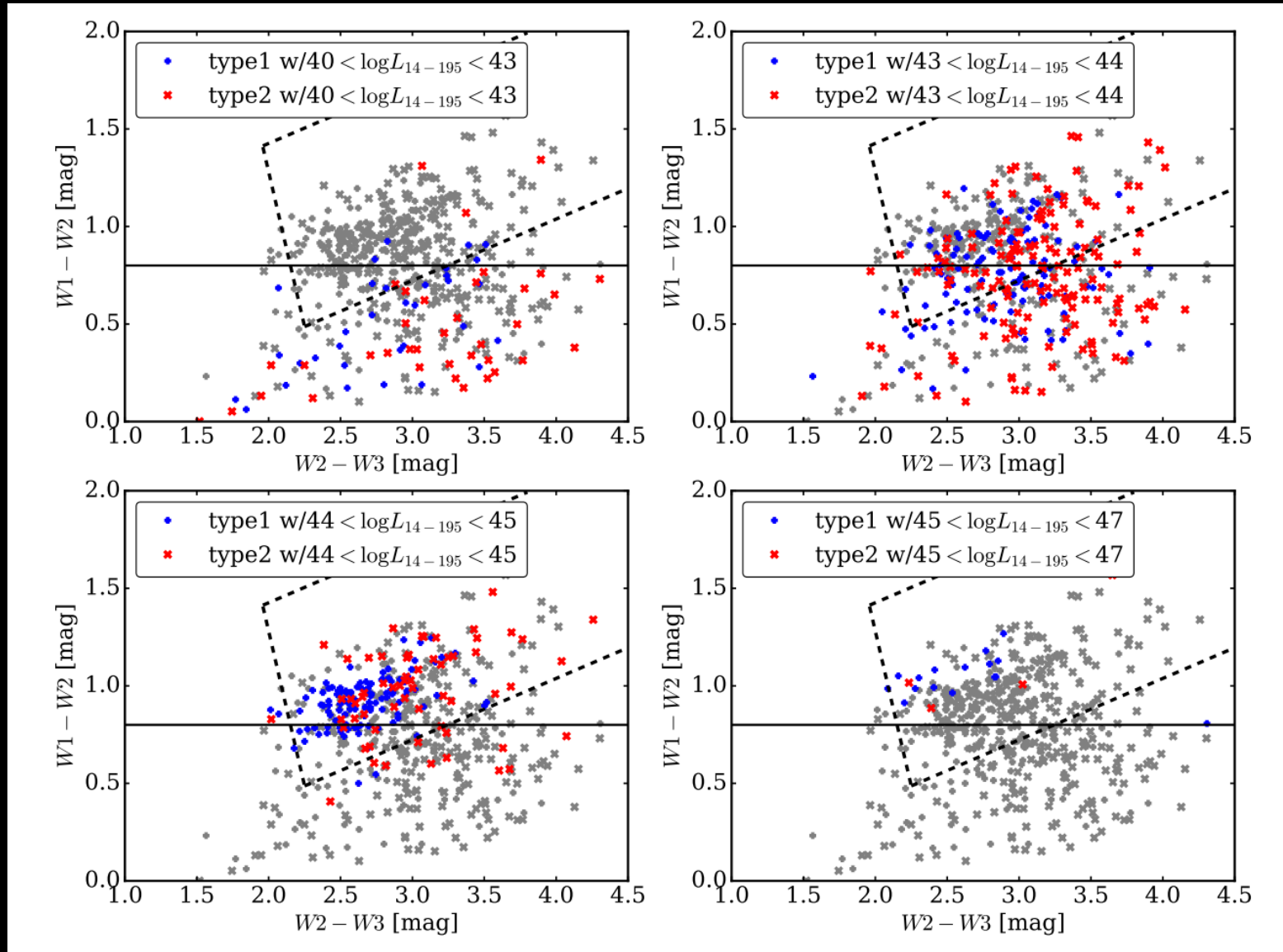
- ☑ BAT-AGN do not always locate at the IR selection areas of. Stern+12, Mateos+12

WISE IR color selections miss some AGN population

(see also Mateos+12, 13; Gandhi+16; Kawamuro+16; Tanimoto+16)

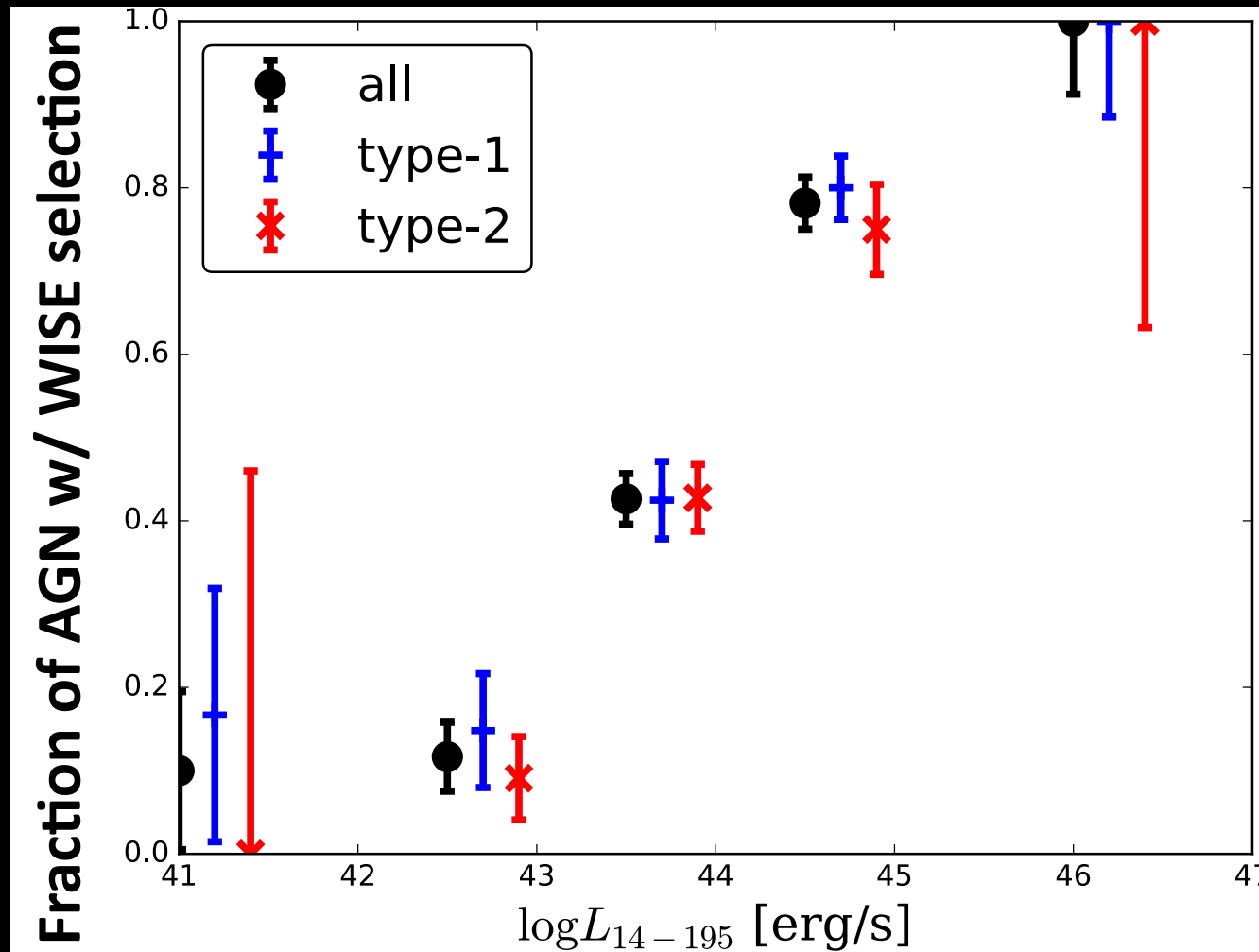
WISE IR color-color selection of AGN

Ichikawa+17



☑ WISE IR color: **insensitive to low-luminosity AGN**

Success rate of WISE color selection

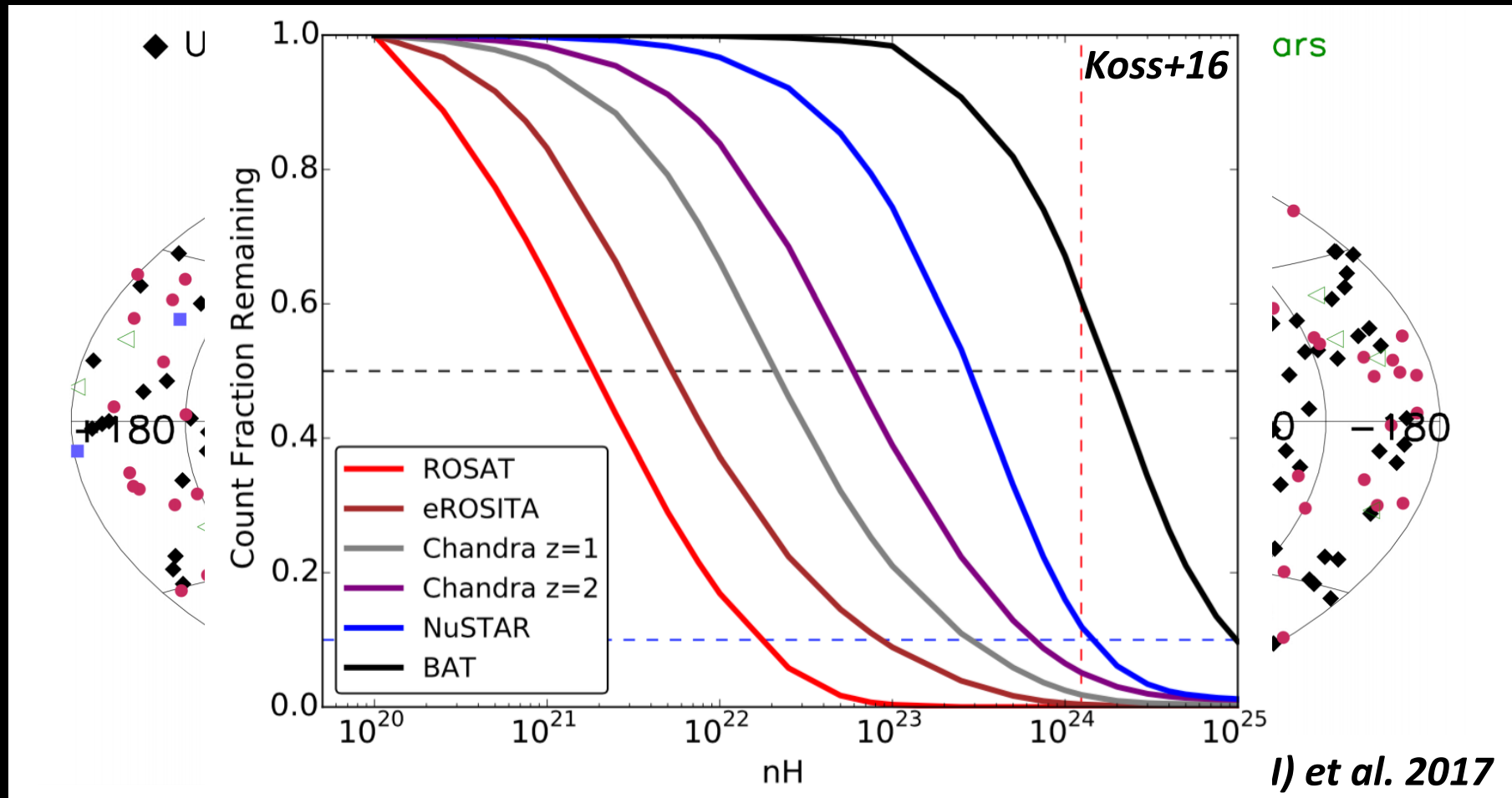


- ☑ WISE IR color: **insensitive to low-luminosity AGN**
- ☑ **<20%** success rate for low-luminosity AGN of $\log L_x < 43$

Swift/BAT AGN (14-195 keV)

70 month catalog: 836 AGN (728 non-blazars)

FYI, 105 month catalog is public (Oh et al., '18)

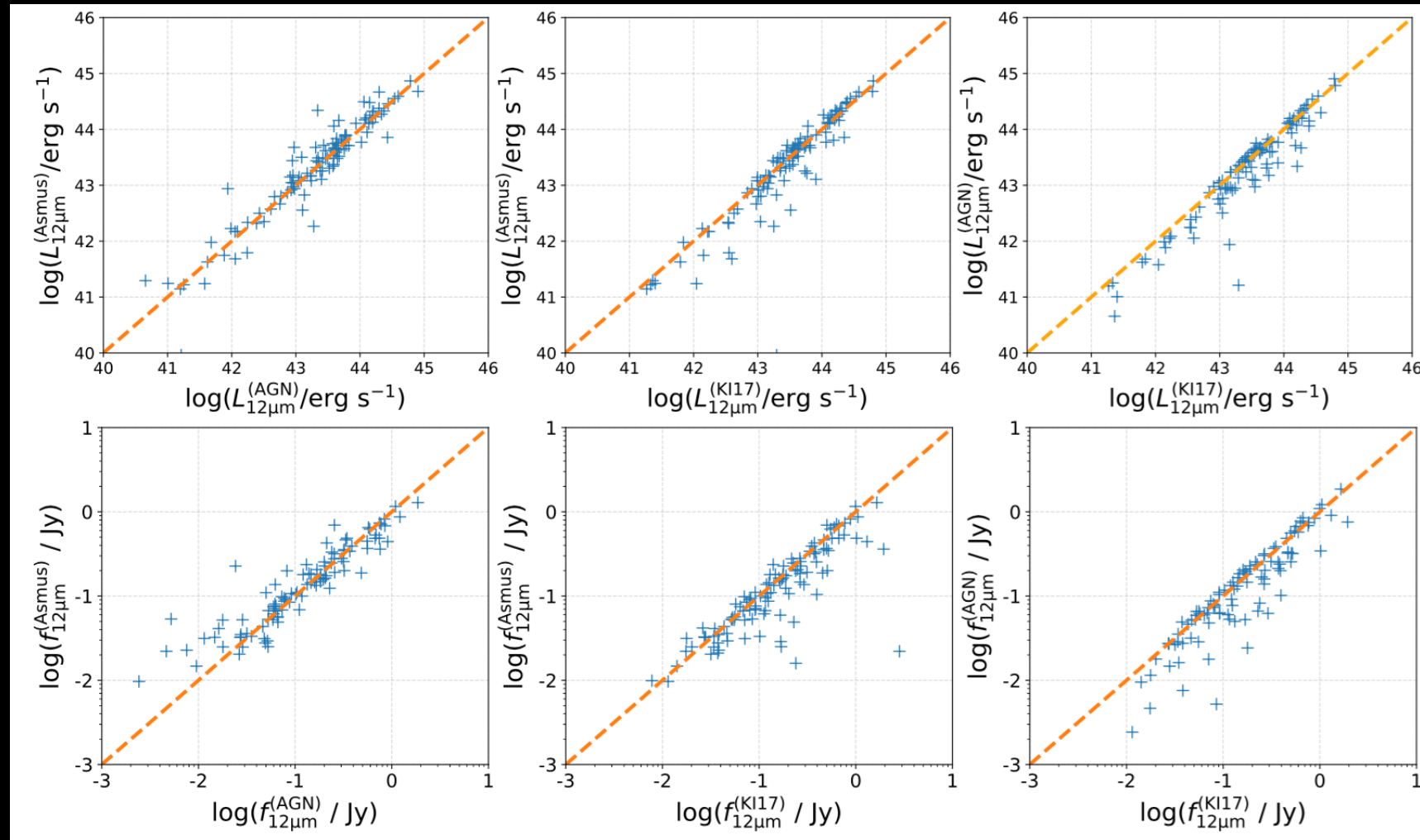


☑ most complete up to $\log N_H = 24.5$ in the local Universe
(*Koss+16; Ricci+15*)

☑ **606** out of 728 have z info and are located at $|b| > 10^\circ$

Comparison with high-spatial resolution observations

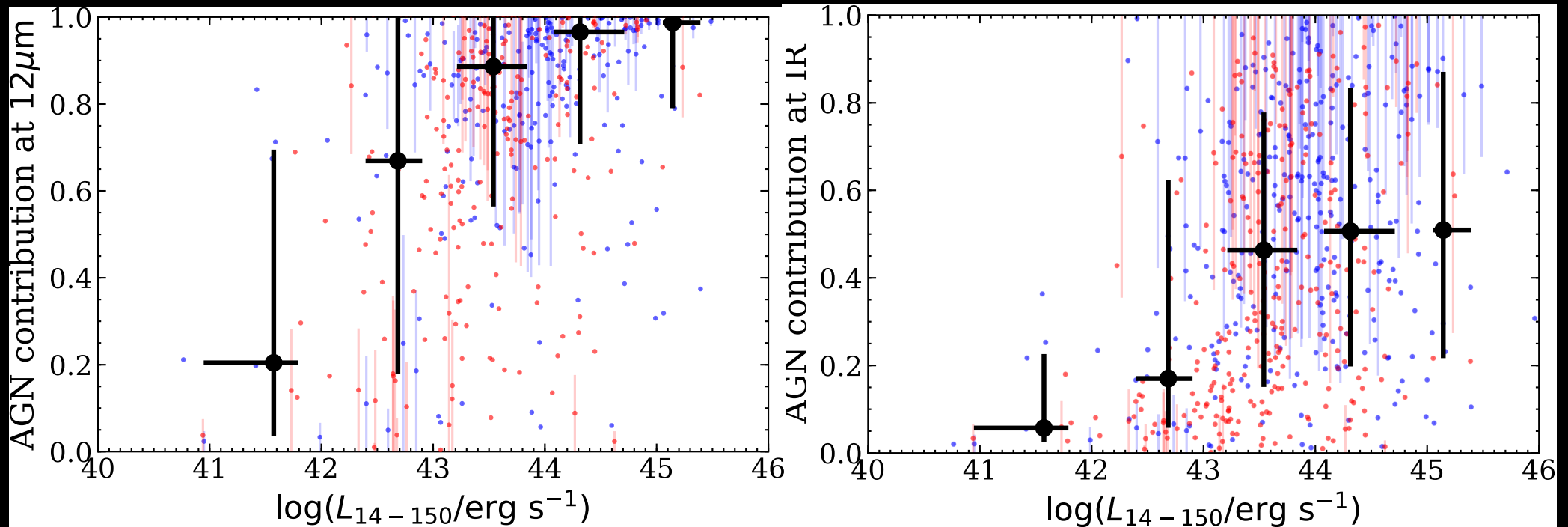
☑ Decomposition works really well!



☑ Disentangling AGN/(SB+stellar) component

☑ suitable for the AGN torus/host galaxy studies

AGN contribution as a function of L_{BAT}

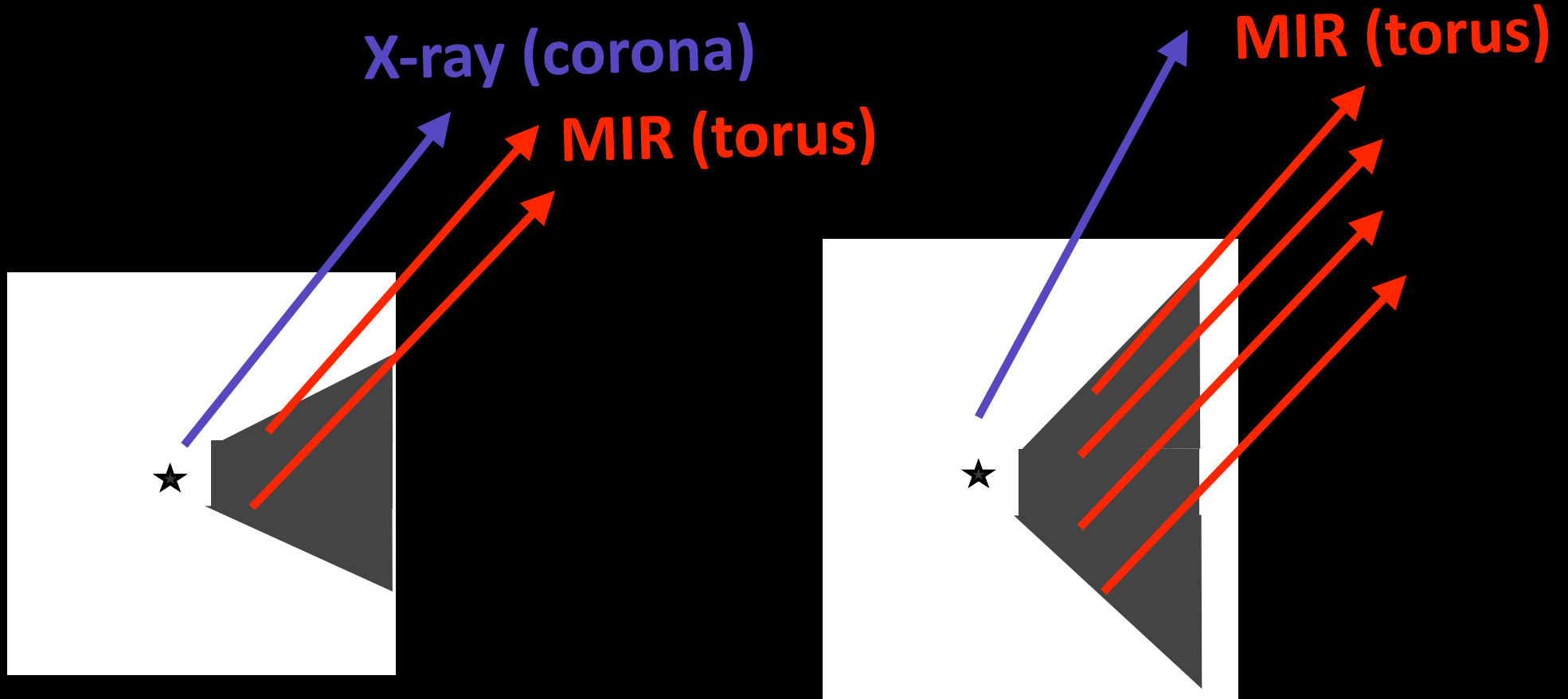


Ichikawa+18

- ☑ At high L_{BAT} end, contribution reaches
~100% at 12μm, 80% at MIR (5-40μm), and 50% at total IR
 - ☑ At low L_{BAT} end, contribution goes down to
~20% at 12μm, 20% at MIR (5-40μm), and <10% at total IR
- ➡ SED decomposition is crucial for low-luminosity AGN

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ and $C_T \propto L_{MIR}/L_{bol}$ (see Stalevski+16)

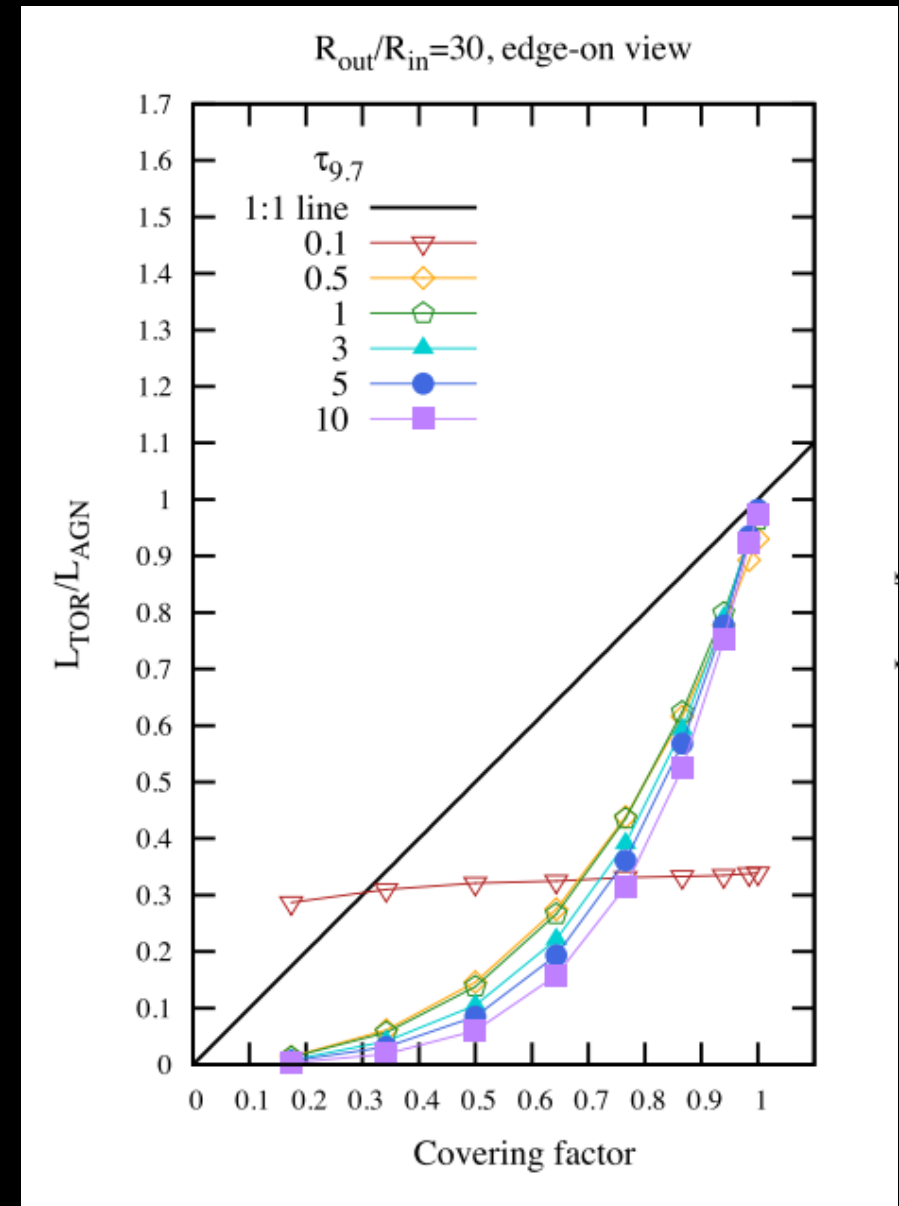
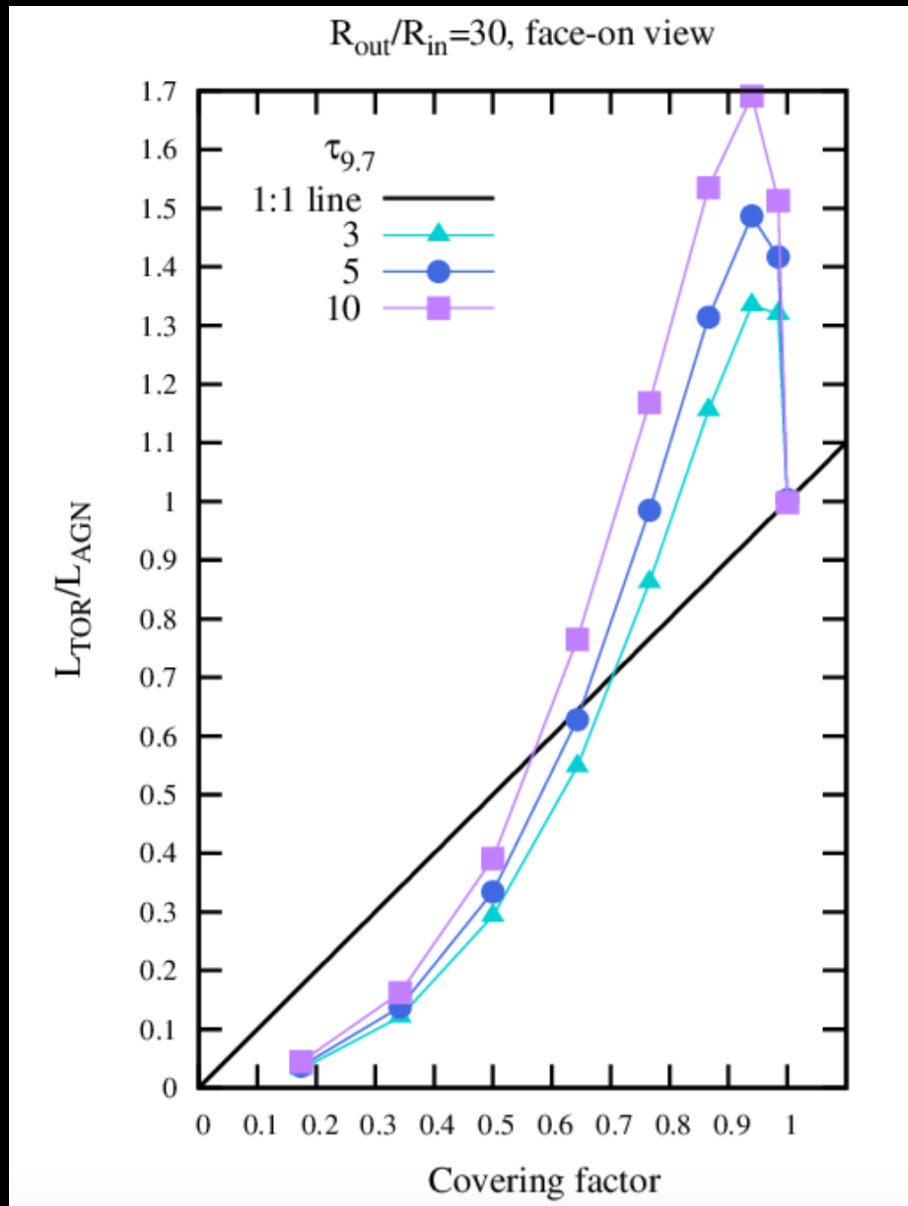


C_T : indicator of geometrical dust obscuration

$$L_{MIR} \propto L_{bol} \quad C_T \Leftrightarrow C_T \propto L_{MIR}/L_{bol}$$

$C_T(\text{dust})$ vs. L_{bol} by Stalevski+16

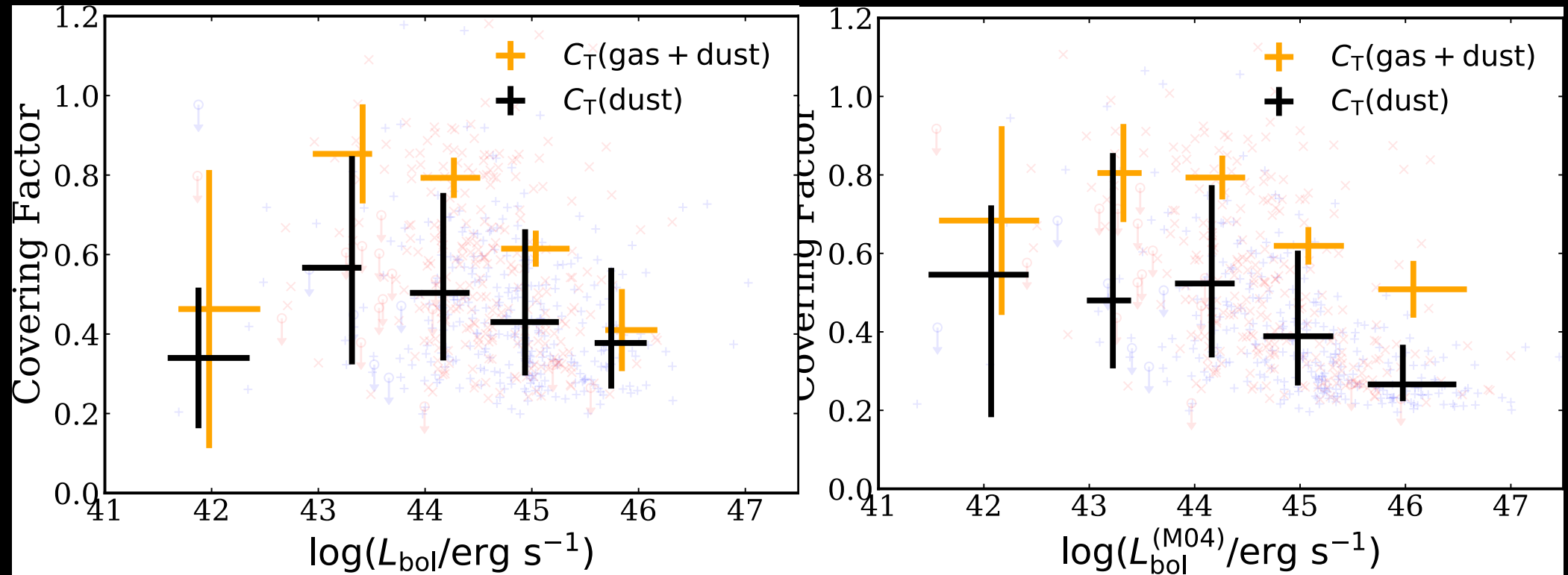
C_T vs. $L_{\text{MIR}}/L_{\text{bol}}$ (see Stalevski+16)



Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

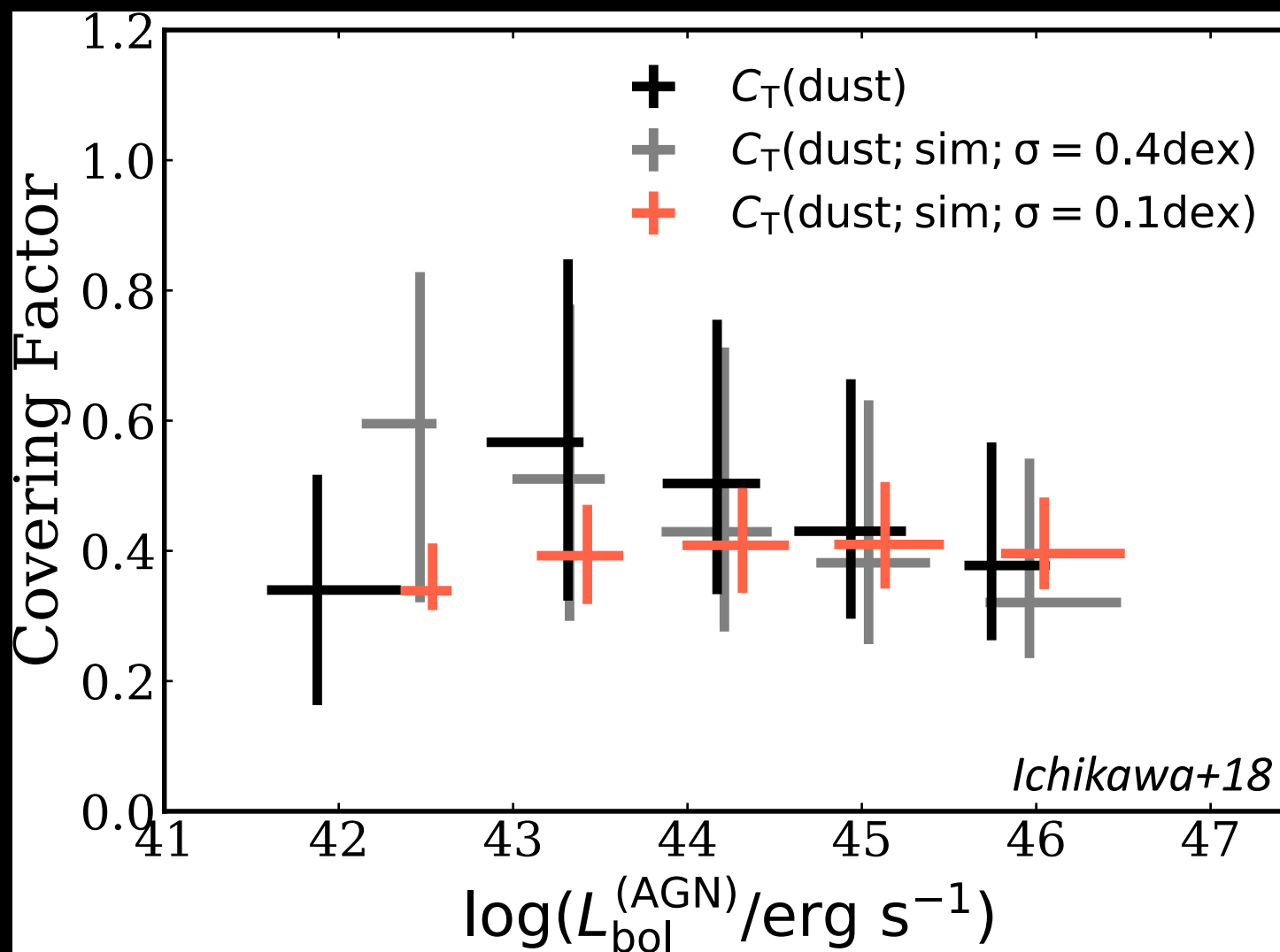
$L_X \Rightarrow L_{\text{bol}}$ (Marconi+04) and $C_T \propto L_{\text{MIR}}/L_{\text{bol}}$ (see Stalevski+16)

Ichikawa+18



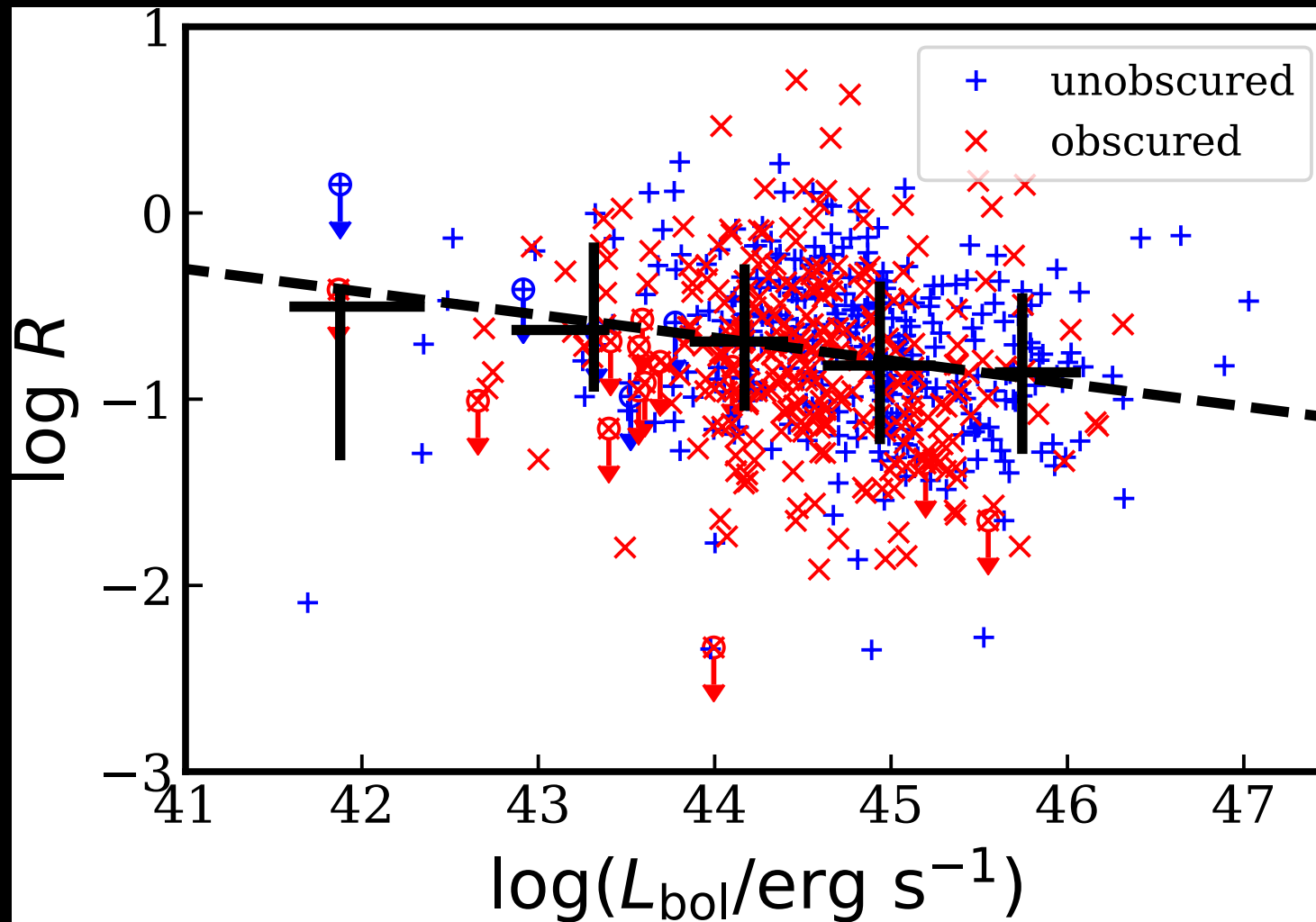
☑ Different bol-correction does not change the main result

L_{bol} dependence of Dust Covering factor (C_T)



- ✓ **Small scatter of L_X - L_{IR} relation gives a flatter L_{bol} dependence**
- ✓ This is because $\log L_{\text{MIR}} \propto 1.06 \log L_X$
44 \therefore slope $b=1.06$ (+/-0.03)

L_{bol} dependence of $R = L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})/L_{\text{bol}}$



☑ Very shallow L_{bol} dependence w/ $\log R = 4.5 - 0.12 \log L_{\text{bol}}$