# Nuclear obscuration in AGN: an X-ray perspective

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Cake by <u>P. Boorman</u> (see <u>https://www.southampton.ac.uk/~pgb2g11/baking.html</u>)

### 1993





 $log(\frac{z}{pc})$ NLR 3 Ionization cone 2 Polar Torus dust  $\bigcirc$ Outflow  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc \bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ -2  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ 🗇 BLR  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ -3 D  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\square$  $\bigcirc$ 4  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ -Corona  $\overline{\bigcirc}$  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ -5 C  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ SMBH Disk  $log(\frac{r}{pc})$ -5 -4 -2 2

Ramos Almeida & Ricci (2017)

Antonucci (1993)



### **Obscured** accretion





Treister et al. (2009); see also Tasnim Ananna et al. (2018), Ueda et al. (2014), Akylas et al. (2012), Draper & Ballantyne (2010), Gilli et al. (2007)

### X-ray emission of AGN



### Hubble deep-field north

Credit: Optical: NASA/HST, X-ray: NASA/PSU

### X-ray spectra of AGN



### X-ray spectra of AGN



## X-ray spectra of AGN



# Absorption in the X-rays



# Absorption in the X-rays



# 1 — Reprocessed

# 2 — Obscured

# 1 — Reprocessed X-ray radiation









Shu et al. (2011), see also Shu et al. (2010)

Hitomi collaboration (2018)

### The Compton shoulder



Bianchi et al. (2002); See C. Andonie's talk



### Extended Fe Ka lines





See talks by G. Fabbiano, M. Elvis, F. Bauer

### Extended Si Ka lines

#### Chandra 2.5-3 keV image of Circinus



Liu, Hoenig, Ricci & Paltani (in prep.)

## Polar emission in the IR



Hoenig et al. (2013)

VLTI: significant mid-IR emission from polar region (Raban+09, Hoenig+12,13, Burtscher+13, Tristram+14, Lopez-Gonzaga+16, Leftley+18)

See also talks by D. Asmus, M. Stalevski; Poster by J. Leftley

### Polar emission in the IR

#### VISIR images of local AGN

ESO 428-14 Cygnus A ESO 323-77 IC 5063 Circinus MCG-3-34-64 NGC 1068 NGC 3081 NGC 3227 NGC 1386 NGC 2992 NGC 3281 NGC 4388 NGC 4593 NGC 5033 NGC 5728 NGC 7172 NGC 7314 NGC 7469 NGC 7674

Asmus, Honig, Gandhi (2016)

### Polar emission in the IR





Stalevski, Asmus & Tristram (2017, 2019); see talks by D. Asmus, M. Stalevski; Poster by J. Lyu.

### Broad-band spectroscopy



Balokovic et al. (2018); See talks by M. Balokovic, J. Buchner, N. Osorio-Clavijo; Poster by T. Kawamuro

### Reprocessed radiation: spectral models



MyTORUS (Murphy & Yaqoob 2009)

*BNTorus* (Brightman et al. 2011), *Borus* (Balokovic et al. 2017); Ikeda et al. (2009)

See talks by M. Balokovic, M. Elvis; Posters by A. Tanimoto, D. Esparza Arredondo

### Reprocessed radiation: spectral models



Liu & Li (2014)

Furui et al. (2016)

See talks by M. Balokovic, M. Elvis; Posters by A. Tanimoto, D. Esparza Arredondo

### Reprocessed radiation: simulation platforms

### MONACO (Geant4)

Odaka et al. (2011)

### RefleX

Paltani & Ricci (2017)





Liu et al. (in prep.)

### Reprocessed radiation: simulation platforms



Ricci et al. (in prep.); see also Odaka et al. (2016) See talk by C. Andonie

# 2 — X-ray absorption





More than 20 AGN (e.g., Risaliti+05, Bianchi+09, Marinucci+13, Miniutti+14, Rivers+15, Burtscher+15, Ricci+16b); See talk by S. Lamassa



### **Broad-line regions clouds?**



Maiolino et al. (2010)

See talk by S. Lamassa, E. Sturm, M. R. Stock, A. Laor, T. Waters



NGC 1068







Markowitz et al. (2014)

### The sky seen from the SMBH



Stalevski et al. (2012); See talk by R. Nikutta, ; Poster by E. Lopez-Rodriguez

# X-ray Surveys








#### Swift/BAT (14-195 keV)

#### NuSTAR (3-80 keV)





Annuar et al. (2015)

Boorman et al. (2016)

### The Covering factor of gas and dust



Annuar et al. (in prep.),

### The Covering factor of gas and dust



Ramos Almeida & Ricci, Nature Astronomy 2017, see also Ricci et al. (2015); talks by P. Boorman, K. Ichikawa, S. Mateos, L. Lanz

#### Luminosity-dependent obscuration



see also Ueda et al. (2003, 2011), LaFranca+05, Sazonov+07, Hasinger 08, DellaCeca+08, Beckmann+09, Brightman+11, Merloni+14, Buchner+15, Aird+15, Sazonov+16, Georgakakis+17, Mateos+17, Ricci+17

See talks by C. Ramos Almeida, K. Ichikawa, S. Mateos, L. Lanz

#### **Obscuration vs Eddington ratio**



#### Radiation-regulated unification

Low Eddington Ratio (10<sup>-4</sup>< $\lambda_{Edd}$ <10<sup>-1.5</sup>)

Covering factor ~85%

10<sup>22</sup>-10<sup>24</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>

10<sup>24</sup>-10<sup>25</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>

Ricci et al. (2017c, Nature)

### Radiation-regulated unification

Low Eddington Ratio (10<sup>-4</sup><λ<sub>Edd</sub><10<sup>-1.5</sup>)

Covering factor ~85%

High Eddington Ratio (10<sup>-1.5</sup><λ<sub>Edd</sub><1)

Covering factor ~40% + outflows



### AGN unification

![](_page_47_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Inclination

Unobscured (broad & narrow lines)

Obscured (narrow lines)

#### Radiation-regulated unification

![](_page_48_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Galaxy mergers and obscuration

![](_page_49_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Galaxy mergers and obscuration

![](_page_50_Figure_1.jpeg)

See also Kocevski et al. (2015), Lanzuisi et al. (2015), Lansbury et al. (2017b), Del Moro et al. (2016), Koss et al. (2018); <u>Talks by R. Pfeifle, E. Treister, C. Carroll</u>

#### Isolated galaxies

#### Late stages of merger

![](_page_51_Picture_2.jpeg)

From the NASA press release; Credits: NAOJ/NASA/CXC/M. Weiss (Imanishi et al. 2006)

### The drivers of obscuration

![](_page_52_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_53_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### Summary

![](_page_53_Picture_2.jpeg)

- X-rays are a great probe of the circumnuclear environment of AGN
- Studies of reprocessed X-ray radiation have shown elongated emission
- More and more complex X-ray spectral models are being developed
- Absorption variability show a dynamic environment
- Hard X-ray surveys have allowed to infer the typical covering factor of local AGN
- Covering factor depends on the Eddington ratio
- Probability of observing obscured AGN is very high in close mergers

#### AGN in Santiago

#### www.agnsantiago.cl

![](_page_54_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### **BACK UP SLIDES**

## The BAT AGN Spectroscopic Survey (BASS)

X-ray spectroscopy (Ricci et al. 2017d)

![](_page_56_Figure_2.jpeg)

Talk by M. Koss

Optical spectroscopy (Koss et al. 2017)

![](_page_56_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Figure_7.jpeg)

#### Intrinsic column density distribution

![](_page_57_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_58_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### X-rays

#### 1) Fraction of obscured AGN

(e.g., Ueda+03,11, Brightman+11,

Merloni+14, Buchner+15, Aird+15)

### 2) Spectroscopy with torus models

(e.g., Brightman+15, Balokovic+ prep.)

#### Covering factor of gas and dust

#### X-rays

#### 1) Fraction of obscured AGN

(e.g., Ueda+03,11, Brightman+11,

Merloni+14, Buchner+15, Aird+15)

### 2) Spectroscopy with torus models

(e.g., Brightman+15, Balokovic+ prep.)

#### Infrared

1) LIR/LBOI (e.g., Maiolino+07, Treister+08,

Assef+13, Mateos+16, Ichikawa+17)

#### 2) Spectroscopy with torus models (e.g., Alonso Herrero+11, Ramos

Almeida+11)

## Radiation pressure on dusty gas

Effective Eddington limit  $\lambda_{Edd}^{eff} = \sigma_T / \sigma_i (N_H; \xi)$ 

![](_page_60_Figure_2.jpeg)

see also <u>Fabian+08</u>; <u>Fabian+09</u>; Raimundo+10; Vasudevan+13, Ishibashi+18

#### Radiation pressure on dusty gas

Effective Eddington limit  $\lambda_{Edd}^{eff} = \sigma_T / \sigma_i (N_H; \xi)$ 

![](_page_61_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### Radiation pressure on dusty gas

Effective Eddington limit  $\lambda_{Edd}^{eff} = \sigma_T / \sigma_i (N_H; \xi)$ 

![](_page_62_Figure_2.jpeg)

### The covering factor of dust

#### Covering factor from L<sub>IR</sub>/L<sub>Bol</sub>; ~360 BASS AGN

![](_page_63_Figure_2.jpeg)

Ricci et al. (2018, in prep.); see also Ezhikode et al. (2017), Zhuang et al. (2018)

## Luminosity dependence of obscuration - IR

![](_page_64_Figure_1.jpeg)

see also Maiolino et al. (2007), Treister et al. (2008), Assef et al. (2013), Ichikawa et al. (2017), talk by S. Mateos

### **Clustering and obscuration**

![](_page_65_Figure_1.jpeg)

See also Hickox et al. (2009), Allevato et al. (2011, 2014), Donoso et al. (2014), Di Pompeo et al. (2014, 2017a,b). See talk by V. Allevato, A. Masini

#### Obscured AGN tend to reside in denser environments than unobscured AGN

![](_page_66_Picture_0.jpeg)

## Galaxy mergers and obscuration

![](_page_66_Figure_2.jpeg)

See also Lanzuisi et al. (2015), Lansbury et al. (2017b), Del Moro et al. (2016), Koss et al. (2016), De Rosa et al. (2018), Koss et al. (2018, submitted)

## Obscuration properties of mergers

![](_page_67_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Obscuration properties of mergers

![](_page_68_Figure_1.jpeg)

### The Iwasawa-Taniguchi effect

Iwasawa & Taniguchi (1993), Bianchi et al. (2007), Shu et al. (2010, 2011), Ricci et al. (2013,2014), Boorman et al. (2018)

![](_page_69_Figure_2.jpeg)

Shu et al. (2010), see P. Boorman's talk

### X-ray studies of obscured AGN: the future

![](_page_70_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_70_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_70_Picture_3.jpeg)

Talk by M. Salvato

### X-ray studies of obscured AGN: the future

![](_page_71_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_71_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_71_Picture_3.jpeg)